

# DISOS: An ontology suite for modeling dislocations in crystalline materials

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#### **Overview**

The dislocation knowledge is explicitly conceptualized and formalized [1]. This will enable machines to understand and analysis dislocation-related data in an efficient manner.

Collaboration

- Explicit conceptualization involves the identification of relevant concepts and relations between the concepts along with the explicit definition [2]. These concepts are defined according to physical concept, model, model idealization, and numerical construct (Figure 1).
- Ontologies development: Formal semantics are expressed using semantic web technologies, including RDF, RDFS, and OWL.
- Stakeholders: domain scientists as well as ontology engineers.



Figure 1. The model idealization represents the dislocation in the mesoscale.

## The dislocation ontology suite (DISOS)

The Dislocation Ontology (DISO) [1] represents dislocation-related concepts such as dislocation, Burgers vectors, slip planes, and slip systems.	Dislocation Or
The Dislocation Simulation Ontology (SIM) models data-related aspects of some simulation frameworks in the context of dislocation simulations.	subclass of Slip Plane Line has mathemat
<b>The Crystal Structure Ontology (CSO)</b> represents crystallographic information needed to describe the dislocation.	Dislocation Sin has pixel representation has numerical repsen
The Crystallographic Defect Ontology (CDO) connecting the physical materials entity to the crystal structure and several defects in crystalline materials.	has segment Segment

#### References

[1] Ahmad Zainul Ihsan, Said Fathalla, and Stefan Sandfeld. 2023. DISO: A Domain Ontology for Modeling Dislocations in Crystalline Materials. In The 38th ACM/SIGAPP Symposium on Applied Computing (SAC '23), March 27-March 31, 2023, Tallinn, Estonia. ACM, New York, NY, USA, Article 4, 8 pages. https://doi.org/10.1145/3555776.3578739 [2] Thomas R. Gruber: A Translation Approach to Portable Ontology Specifications. Knowledge Acquisition, 5(2):199-220, 1993. [3] Marc Ehrig, Ontology alignment: bridging the semantic gap. Vol. 4. Springer Science & Business Media, 2006. [3] Giacomo Po and Nasr Ghoniem. 2014. A variational formulation of constrained dislocation dynamics coupled with heat and vacancy diffusion. Journal of the Mechanics and Physics of Solids 66 (2014), 103–116. https://doi.org/10.1016/j. jmps.2014.01.012





## Use cases

Dis Мос from anno gene

#### Disl Disl struc prod

simu

#### **Ontology alignments**

Ontology alignment is the process of identifying relations between entities among different ontologies in order to establish connections between them [3]. Currently, DISO is aligned (see Figure 3) with several well-known ontologies:

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- **1.**Elementary Multi-perspective Material Ontology (**EMMO**)
- 2. Materials Design Ontology (MDO)
- **3.**Quantities, Units, Dimensions, and Types Ontology (**QUDT**)
- Ontology alignment promotes data interoperability between DISOS and domain-related ontologies in materials science and engineering.

location simulation data	CDO	DISO	SIM	CSO		C
leling discrete dislocation dynamics data. The information collected						Т
the discrete dislocation dynamics (DDD) simulation (see Figure 4) is						
otated using all DISOS modules. The DDD data used in this use case is						
erated through the MoDELib software [3].						

ocation microstructure	SIM	DISO		
ocation structure of a virtual dislocation specimen. The dislocation				
cture is annotated using SIM and DISO. The dislocation structure				
luced is a virtual specimen of Nickel used by a dislocation dynamics				
lation (see Figure 4).				i
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**Figure 4.** Modeling discrete dislocation dynamics data results in dislocation structure represented as a knowledge graph.







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Figure 3. DISOS aligns with several ontologies, e.g., EMMO, QUDT, and MDO

CSO **Crystal structure data** ransforming CIF linked data into data. Crystallographic Information File (CIF) data, e.g., lickel, Aluminium, Tungsten, and Zirconium is nnotated using the CSO.

CSO DISO Slip system data Crystallographic information dislocation of а structure. The crystallographic information of dislocation data is annotated using DISO and CSO. It includes data of, e.g., slip system and slip direction.



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