

Contribution ID: 182 Type: Contributed talk

## The ${}^{16}$ O(p, $\alpha$ ) ${}^{13}$ N reaction in type 1a supernovae

Thursday 19 September 2024 17:35 (15 minutes)

The  $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)^{13}\text{N}$  reaction plays a key role in controlling the Ca/Si and Ca/S ratios synthesized during  $\alpha$ -rich oxygen burning in Type Ia supernovae (SNIa). This reaction feeds the  $\alpha$ -rich burning branch by converting  $^{16}\text{O}$  into  $^{12}\text{C}$  via the chain of  $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)^{13}\text{N}(\gamma,\text{p})^{12}\text{C}$ . Moreover, the  $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)^{13}\text{N}$  rate is highly sensitive to the progenitor white dwarf metallicity. However, current models cannot reproduce all observations using standard reaction rate libraries. Moreover, substantial uncertainties (factors > 2) exist in available  $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\alpha)^{13}\text{N}$  rates, presenting challenges for reliably modelling Type Ia supernova nucleosynthesis.

Therefore, a new direct experimental measurements of the  $^{16}\text{O}(p,\alpha)^{13}\text{N}$  reaction cross section, at center-of-mass energies  $E_{\text{cm}}=6.9-5.6$  MeV, using the MUSIC active-target detector at the ATLAS facility at Argonne National Laboratory was performed. The measured cross sections are used to compute the  $^{16}\text{O}(p,\alpha)^{13}\text{N}$  reaction rate at the relevant temperatures for SNIa models. The results from this work will be presented and the implications for SN1a nucleosynthesis discussed.

Primary author: LAIRD, Alison (University of York)

Co-authors: HALL-SMITH, Alexander (School of Physics, Engineering and Technology, University of York); BADENES, C. (University of Pittsburgh); ANGUS, Cameron (School of Physics, Engineering and Technology, University of York); FOUGÈRES, Chloé (Argonne National Laboratory); DIGET, Christian (University of York); SANTIAGO, D. (Argonne National Laboratory); BRAVO, E. (Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Barcelona); REHM, E. (Argonne National Laboratory); JAYATISSA, Heshani (Los Alamos National Laboratory); ALRUWAILI, May (School of Physics, Engineering and Technology, University of York); AVILA, Melina (Argonne National Laboratory); DE SÉRÉVILLE, Nicolas (Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS/IN2P3, IJCLab); LONGLAND, Richard (North Carolina State University (NCSU), Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory (TUNL)); CHAKRABORTY, Soham (School of Physics, Engineering and Technology, University of York)

Presenter: LAIRD, Alison (University of York)
Session Classification: Plenary Session