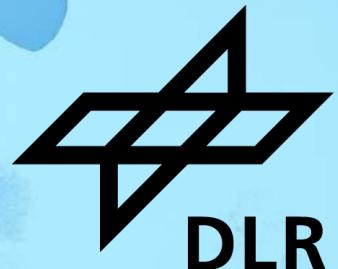




CMake: The new build-system for MESSy

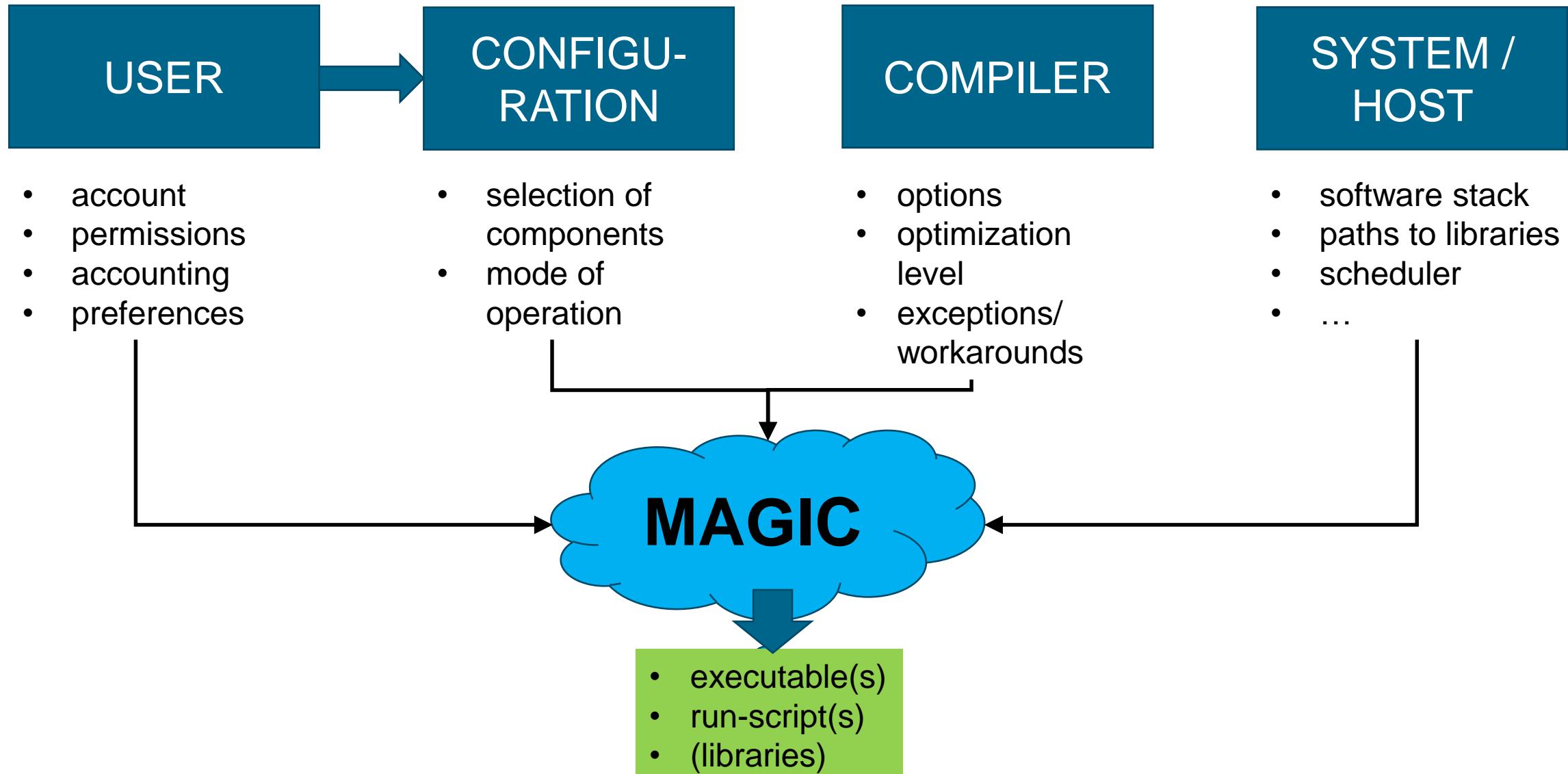
A tutorial during the 13th MESSy symposium, 25.06.2025

Patrick Jöckel (DLR-PA), Sven Goldberg, Melven Röhrg-Zöllner (DLR-SC)

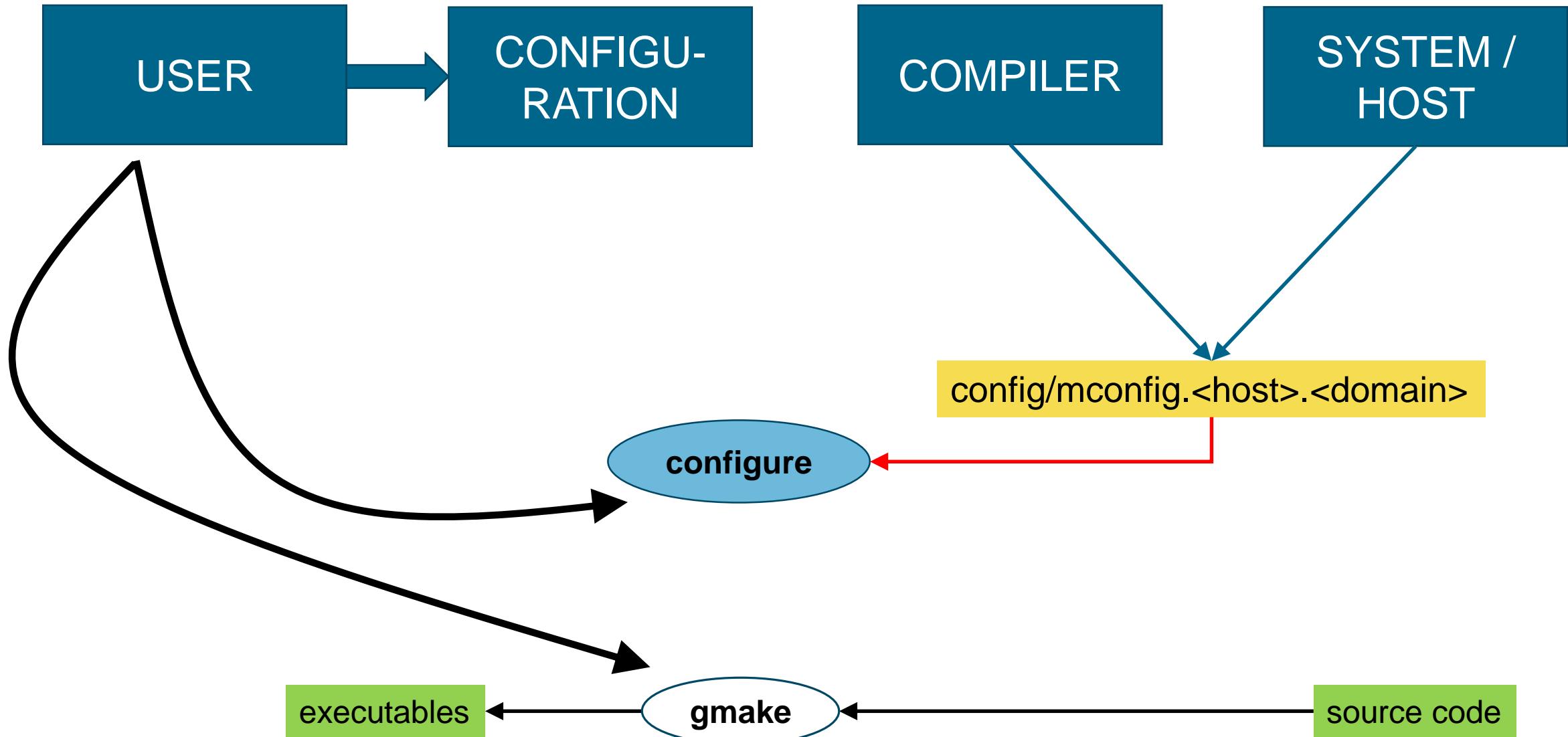


The build process

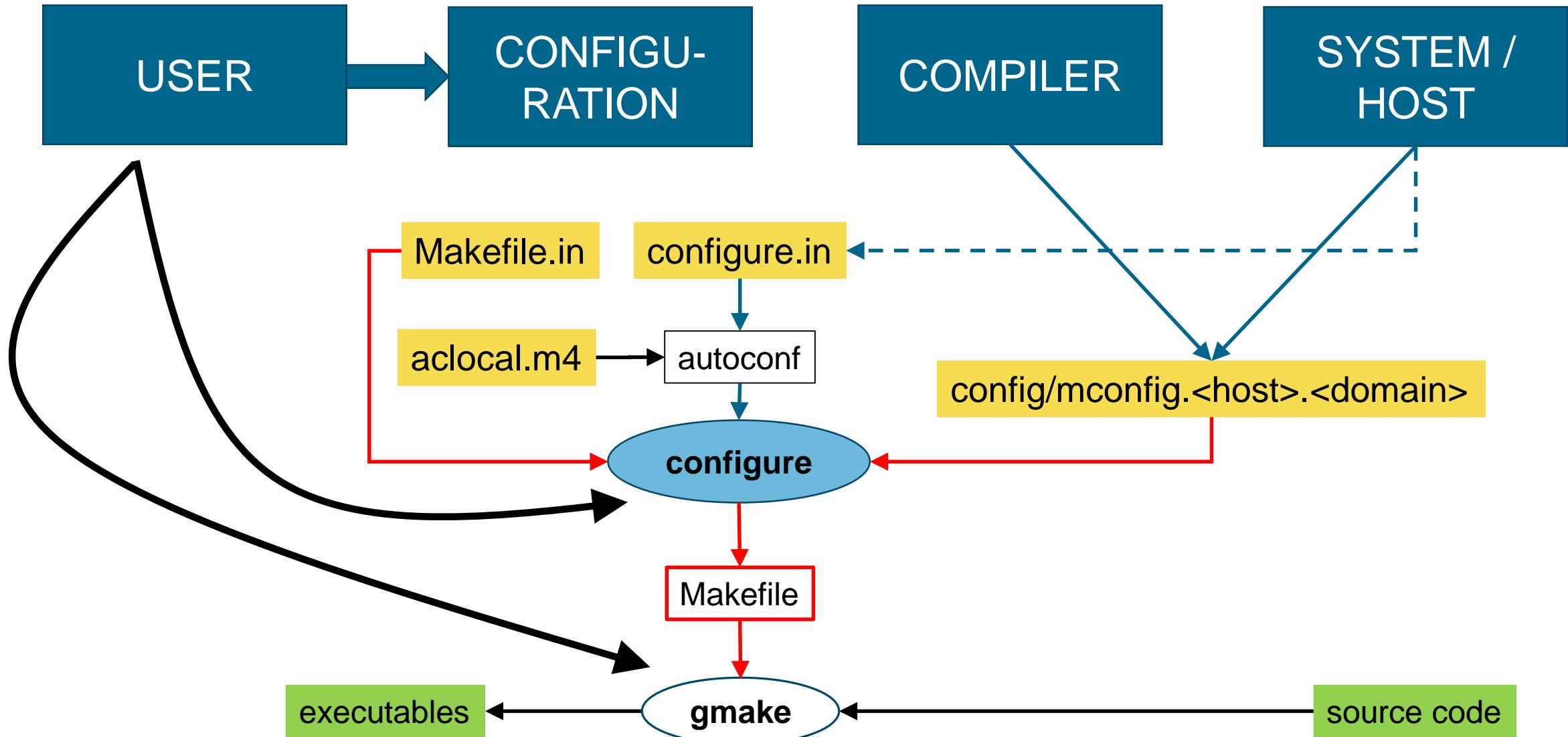
Required information to build our software



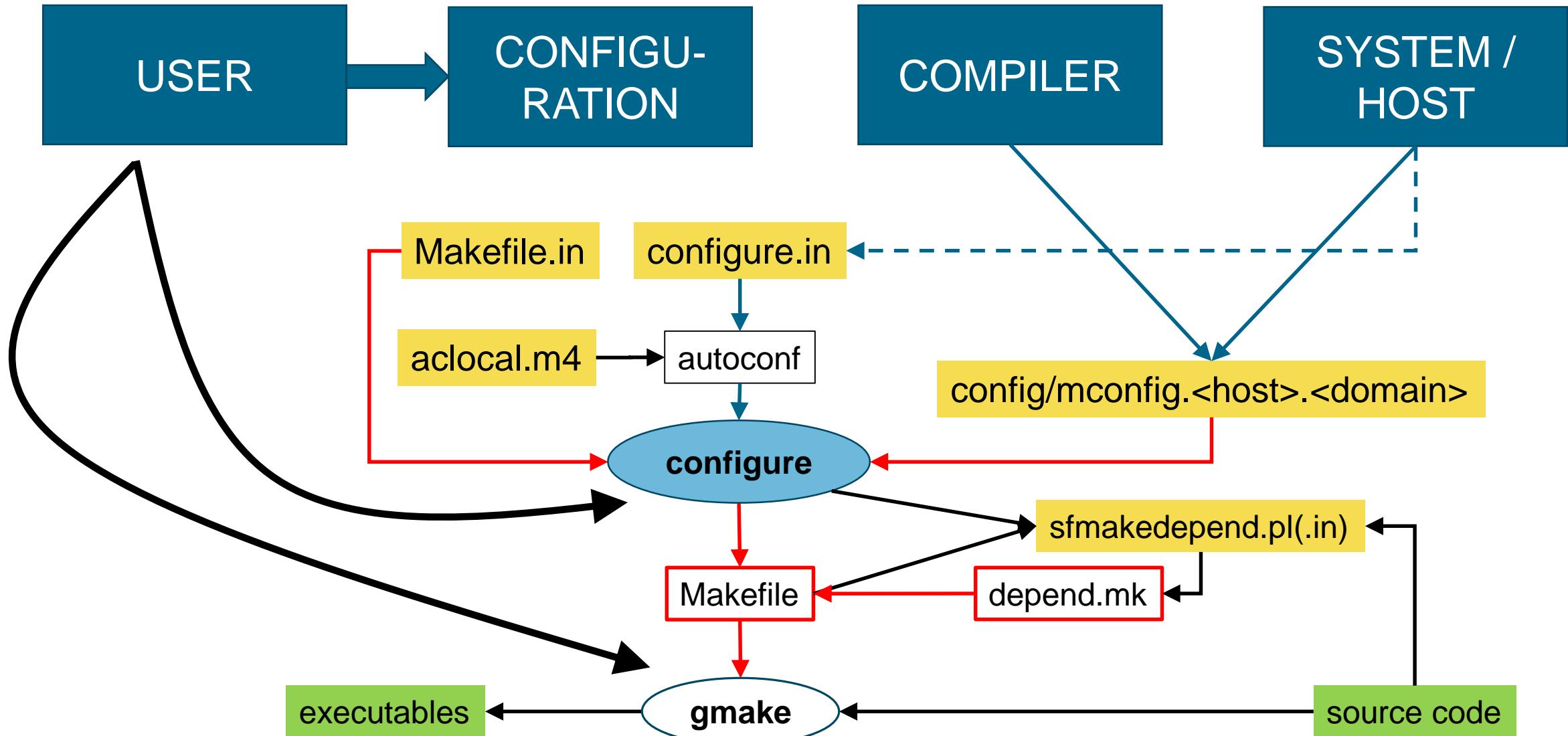
Building with “autotools” / “autoconf” / “configure”



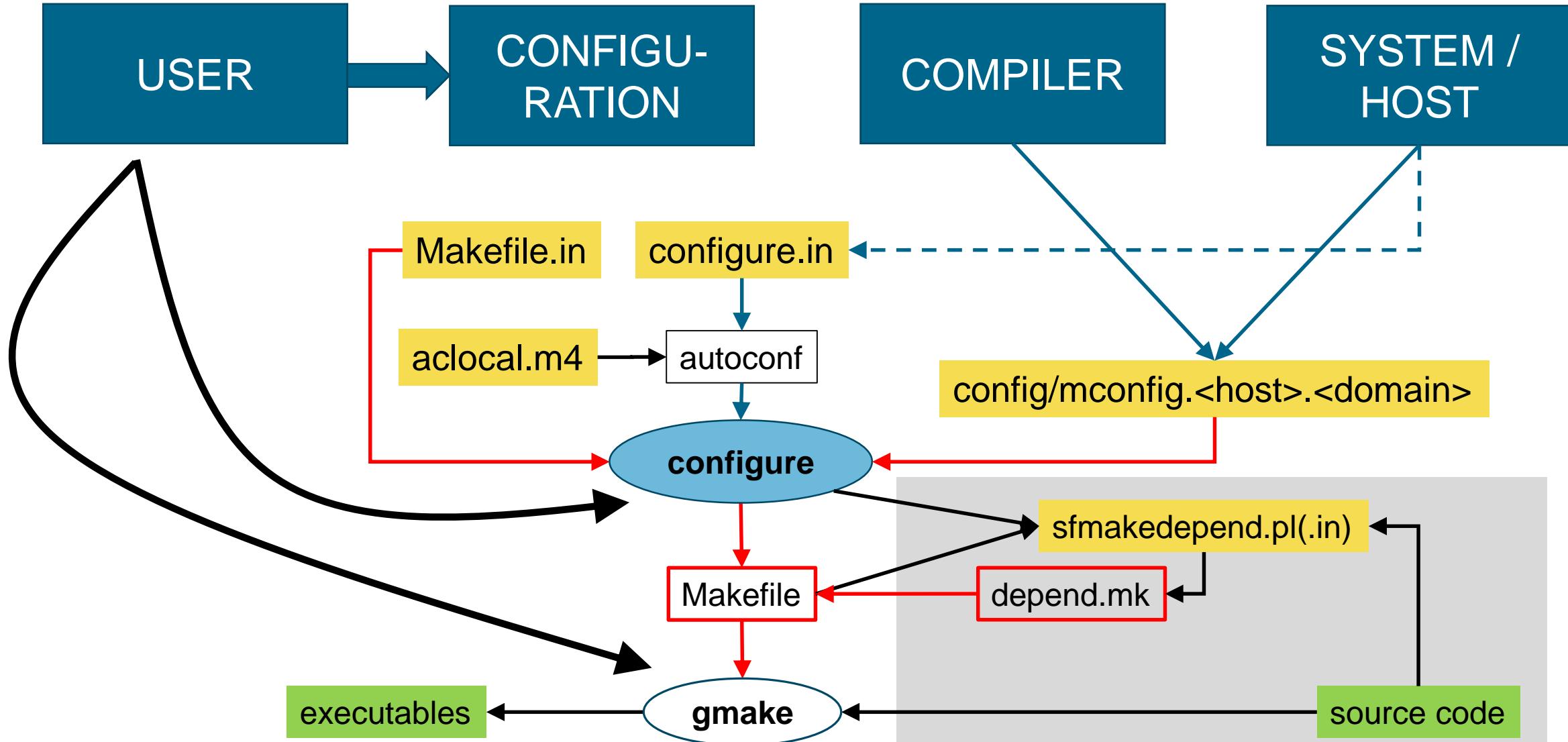
Building with “autotools” / “autoconf” / “configure”



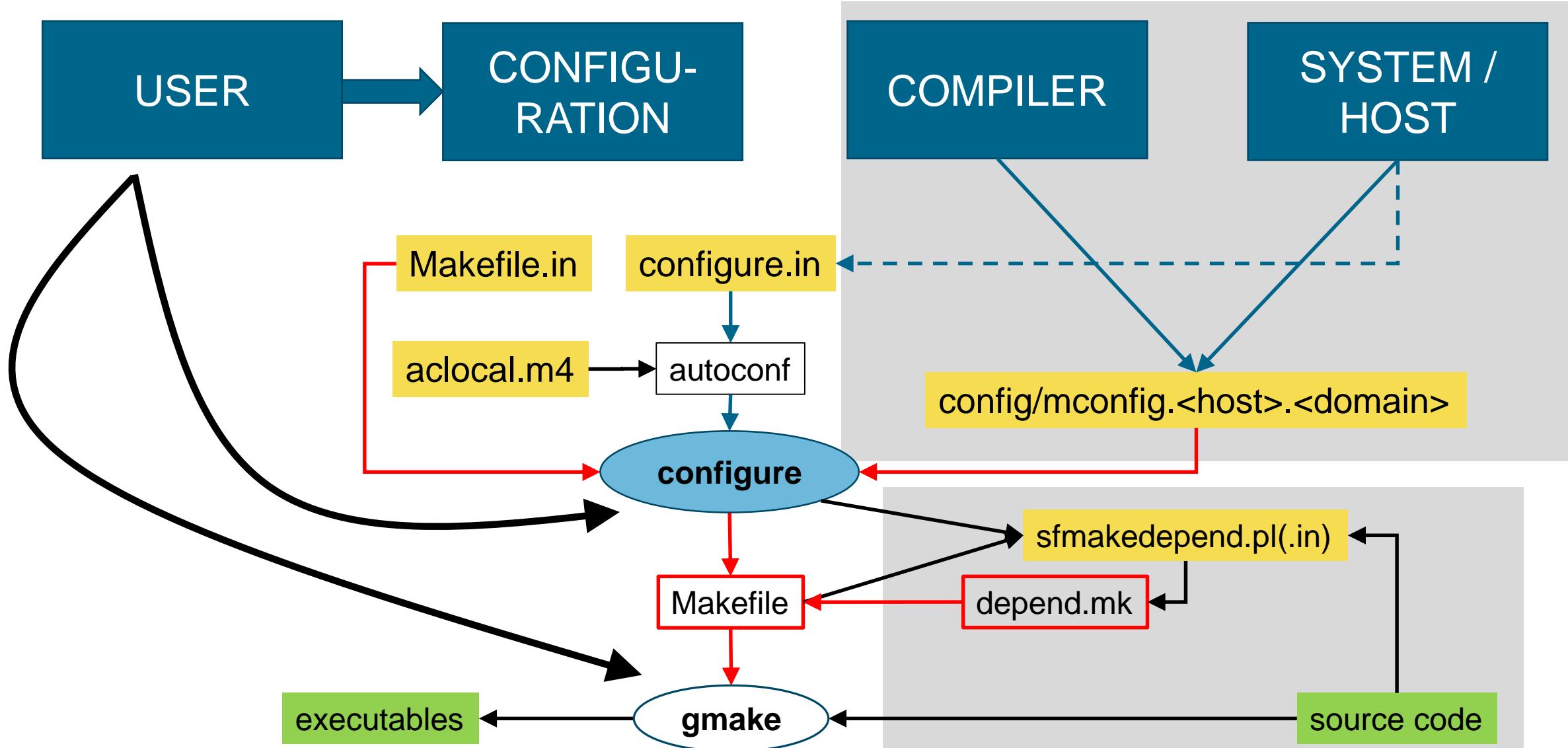
Building with “autotools” / “autoconf” / “configure”



Building with “autotools” / “autoconf” / “configure”



Building with “autotools” / “autoconf” / “configure”



Constant sources of pain



- redundant compiler-related information (options) for several hosts/domains
- source code dependencies based on “hacked” perl-script
- source code “internal” configuration dependencies need to be manually implemented in **configure.in**, e.g., inter-library-dependencies such as
 - pnetcdf requires MPI
 - option X works for base-model Y, but not for Z
 - ...
- several times reworked, still imperfect!

CMAKE



<https://cmake.org>

A screenshot of the CMake website homepage. The header features the Kitware logo, the CMake logo, and navigation links for about, solutions, getting started, documentation, and customize. It also includes a search bar, a download button, and social media links. The main visual is a hand-drawn style illustration of a large blue triangle divided into smaller colored sections (red, green, blue) with the text "CMake BUILD YOUR WORLD" overlaid. Below the illustration, a dark banner contains the heading "CMake: A Powerful Software Build System" and a brief description of the tool's capabilities. At the bottom, there are two green buttons labeled "GETTING STARTED" and "DOCUMENTATION".

CMake: A Powerful Software Build System

CMake is the de-facto standard for building C++ code, with over 2 million downloads a month. It's a powerful, comprehensive solution for managing the software build process. Get everything you need to successfully leverage CMake by visiting our resources section.

[GETTING STARTED](#) [DOCUMENTATION](#)

Advantages of CMake for developers



- no more redundant compiler information, e.g. INTEL is treated the same way on all HOSTs
- cmake intrinsically “knows” about a wide variety of compilers and setting
- cmake has very powerful “package” finders
- ✓ porting to new HOSTs is very much simplified
- ✓ (cross platform building)
- auto-generated source code dependencies (USE, include, #include) work like a charm
- very powerful, *target*-based inter/intra-dependencies: you simply specify what needs to be “known” up-stream!, no more unnecessary include- and/or library paths: simplifies encapsulation

Advantages of CMake for users



- out-of-source builds
 - you can have several builds (with different configurations) in parallel, e.g.
 - one “optimized” and one with compiler-run-time checks for debugging
 - build with different compiler suites
 - ...
- faster builds (in particular with ninja instead of gmake)
- user friendly ASCII-menu user interface (even a GUI is available!)

Building with CMake



- scripts to setup the environment for a specific HOST/DOMAIN
(only these scripts are required for “porting”!)
 - `config/setup_env_<host>.<domain>_<COMPILER-suite>_<VERSION>. [bash, tcsh]`
Examples:
`config/setup_env_levante.dkrz.de_GNU_11.2.0.bash`
`config/setup_env_levante.dkrz.de_GNU_11.2.0.tcsh`
- resets “module environment”
- loads required modules from software stack
- sets required environment variables (if not done by modules)
- all the rest is done by cmake ...

CMake: recommended workflow – part I: configuration & compilation



- read [`readme/instructions/how-to-use-cmake.md`](#)
- `source config/setup_env_... [.tcsh, .bash]`
(depending on the shell you use)
- `cd build`
- `cmake .. [-G Ninja] [configuration options]`
OR
- `cmake .. [-G Ninja]`
`ccmake ..` (select your configuration interactively)
- `gmake [options] [target]`
OR
- `ninja [target]`

CMake: recommended workflow – part II: run-script



- Create **all** run-scripts from their `messy/nml/*/xmessy_mmd.header`:
`gmake runscripts`
`ninja runscripts`
- Create one specific run-script:
`cd ..; ./messy/util/xmkr EMAC/AGCM; cd build`
→ `./messy/util/xmessy_mmd.EMAC-AGCM` etc.

Search for executables:

1. `$MESSY_BASEDIR/bin`
[old “configure”-based]
2. `$MESSY_BASEDIR/build/bin`
[cmake default]
3. `BUILDDIR/bin`
`BUILDDIR=...`
[cmake customized build]
to be set in run-script

Workshop tasks



1. [levante]:
[**/home/b/b302019/MESSY_SYMPOSIUM/messy_d2.55.2-devel_66b9a2c3_src.zip**](#)
2. Build EMAC
 - a) with “old” configure and “gmake”
[How long does it take?]
 - b) **gmake distclean**
 - c) with cmake (same configuration as in a!) and gmake
[How long does it take?]
3. Create a parallel build (same configuration) with ninja
[How long does it take?]
4. Create a parallel build with the same configuration, but different
BUILD_TYPE
5. Run **EMAC/AGCM** (1 day) with exe of 2.c) and 4)
[Which one is how much faster?]
6. Build the other targets as well (tools, mbm, docu).

CMake: Creation of chemical mechanism(s)



- **cd build**
- **cmake .. [options]**
- **[ccmake ..]**
- **gmake / ninja tools**
- **../messy/util/xconfig**
- **gmake / ninja**

Impressum



Thema: **CMAKE: The new build-system MESSy**

Datum: 25.06.2025

Autor: Patrick Jöckel, Sven Goldberg, Melven Röhrg-Zöllner

Institut: MESSy Consortium

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