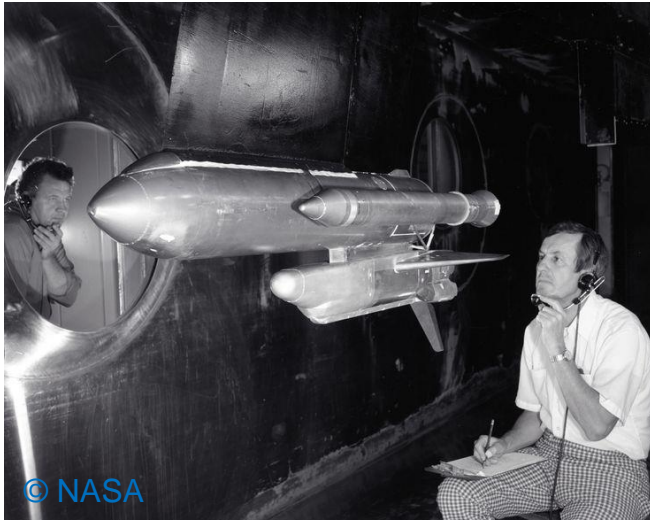


# Analogue modelling: visit to experimental tectonics lab

Matthias Rosenau  
Ehsan Kosari, Jun Liu, Santiago Leon

# Analogue modelling

...is an experimental technique using analogue models



**Henry M. Cadell**

"EXPERIMENTAL  
RESEARCHES IN  
MOUNTAIN  
BUILDING"

(1889)

# Scaling & Similarity

The following criteria are required to achieve similarity:

**Geometric similarity** – Shape as the prototype at a smaller scale

**Kinematic similarity** – Rates scale down consistently

**Dynamic similarity** – Forces scale down consistently

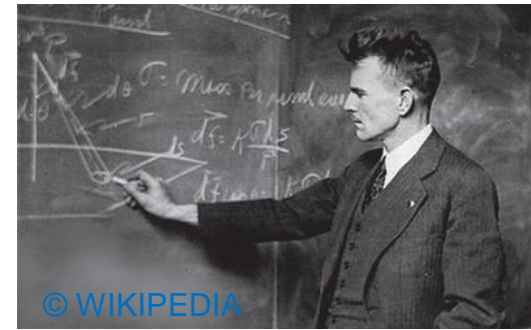
**Dimensionless numbers** (ratios) are kept constant, e.g.

Friction coefficient = shear strength / normal load

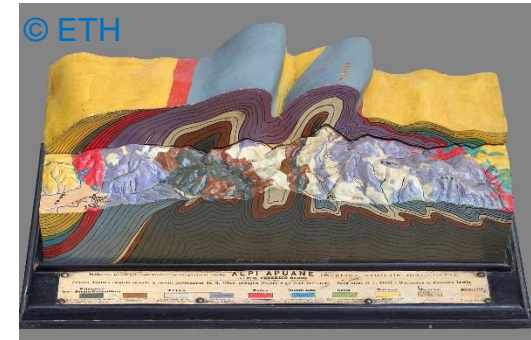
Froude number = inertia / gravitational force

Cauchy number = inertia / compressibility

Reynolds Number = inertia / viscous force



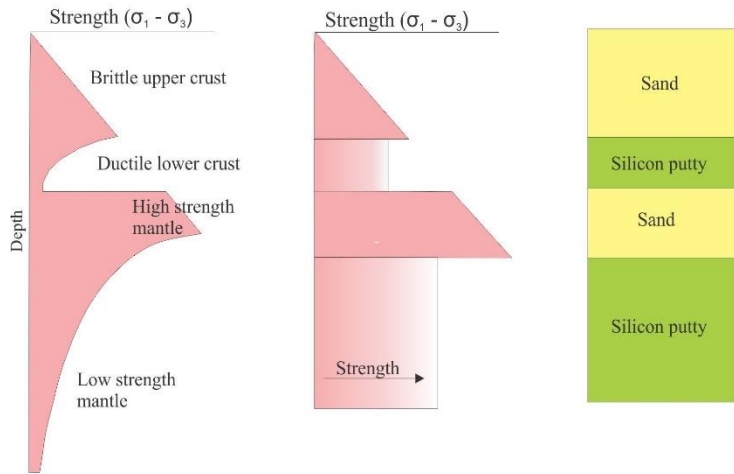
**M. King Hubbert**  
“THEORY OF SCALE MODELS AS  
APPLIED TO THE STUDY OF  
GEOLOGIC STRUCTURES”  
(1937)



# Rock analogue materials

Granular materials: brittle deformation – Coulomb friction (upper crust)

Viscous materials: ductile deformation – (non)Newtonian flow (lower crust and mantle)



© geological-digressions.com

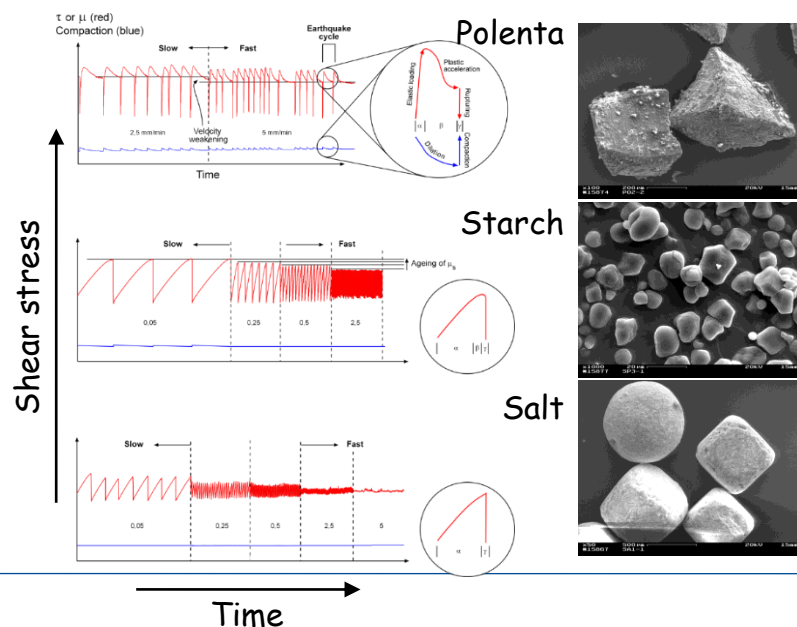
# Rock analogue materials

Granular materials: brittle deformation – Coulomb friction (upper crust)

Viscous materials: ductile deformation – (non)Newtonian flow (lower crust and mantle)

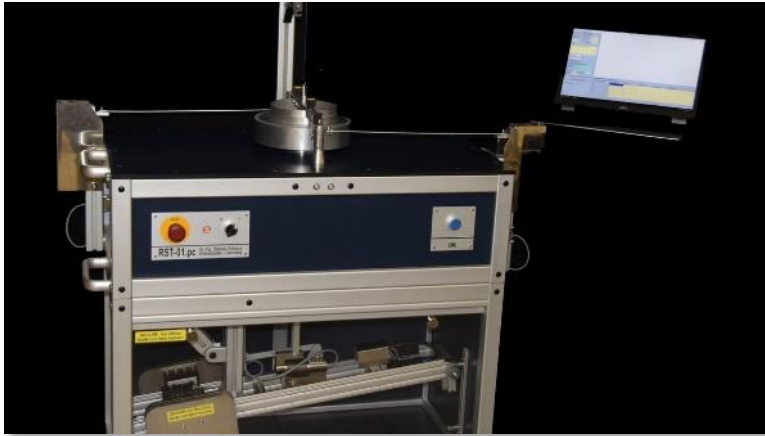
Stick-slip materials: rate-state friction

Viscoelastic materials: Maxwell relaxation



# Rock analogue materials

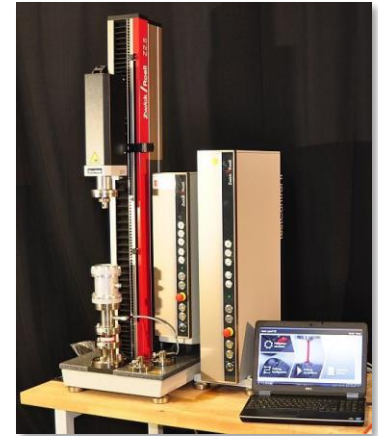
Ring-shear tester  
(friction coefficient & cohesion)



Rheometer  
(viscosity)



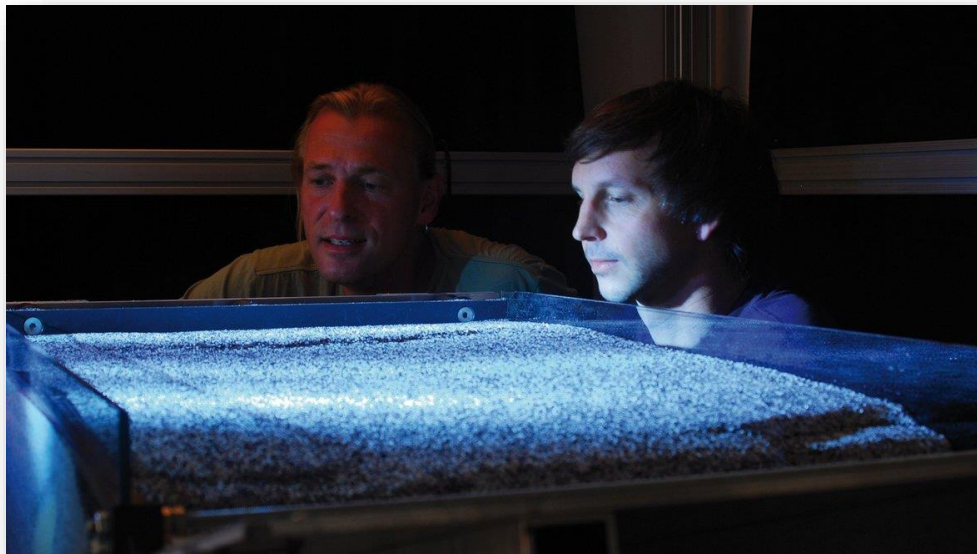
Axial tester  
(Elasticity)





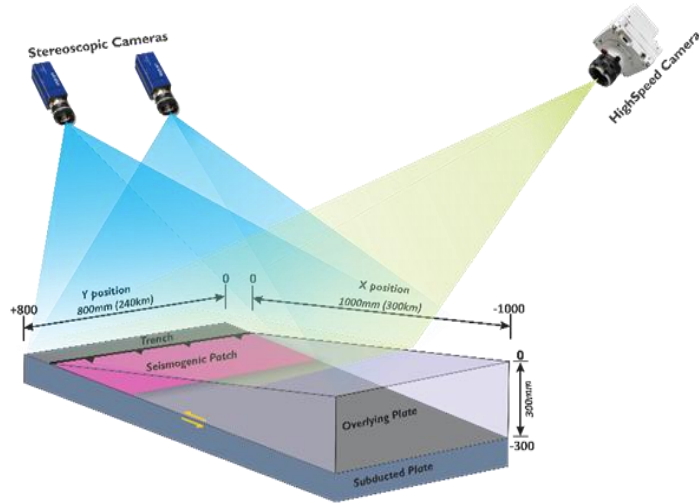
# Monitoring

with all senses...

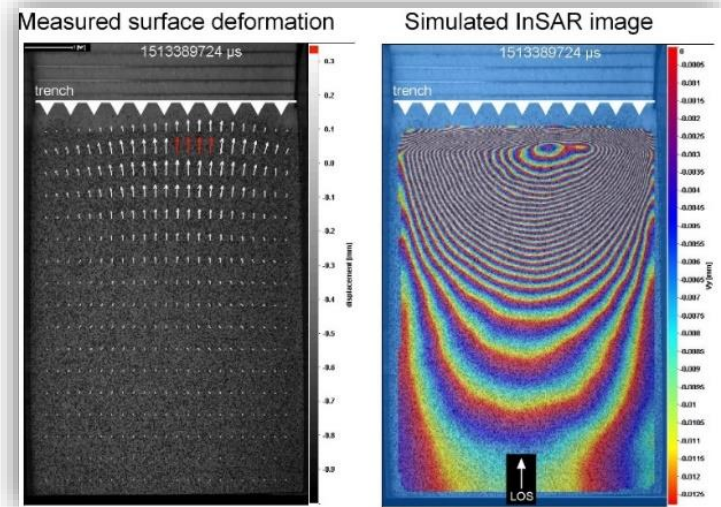


# Laboratory geodesy

Optical cameras  
<20 px/mm <kHz

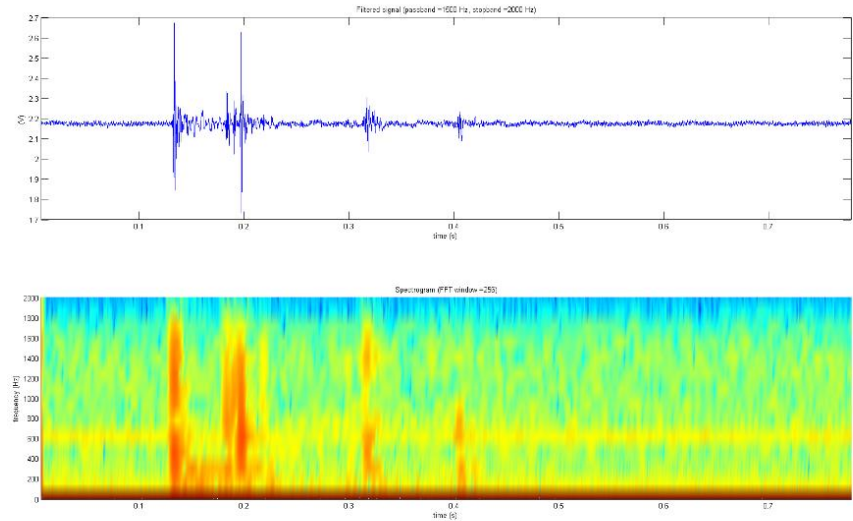


Digital Image Correlation (DIC, PIC, SfM)  
 $\mu\text{m}$  3D displacements at high spatial and temporal resolution

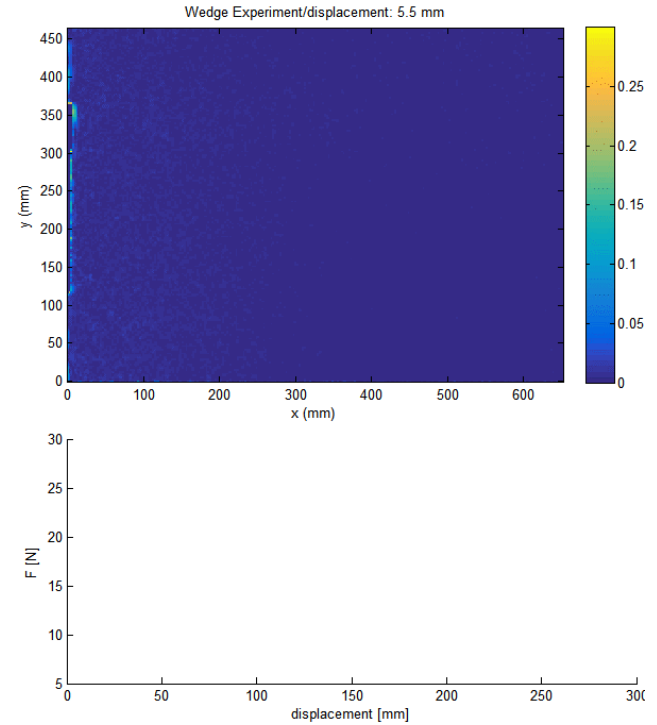
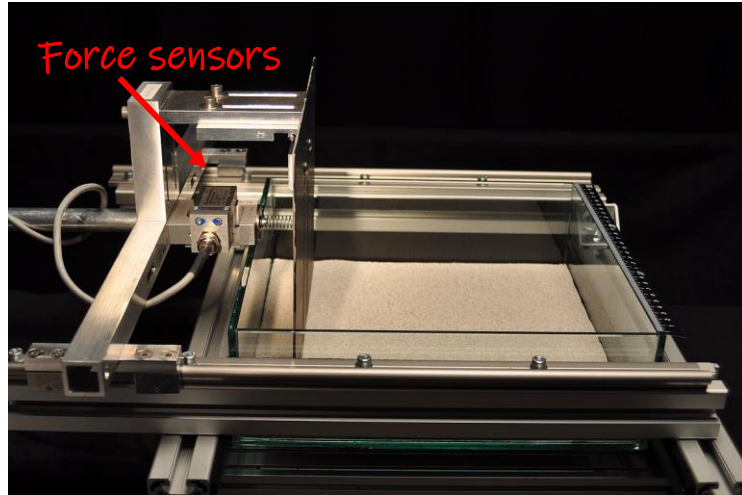




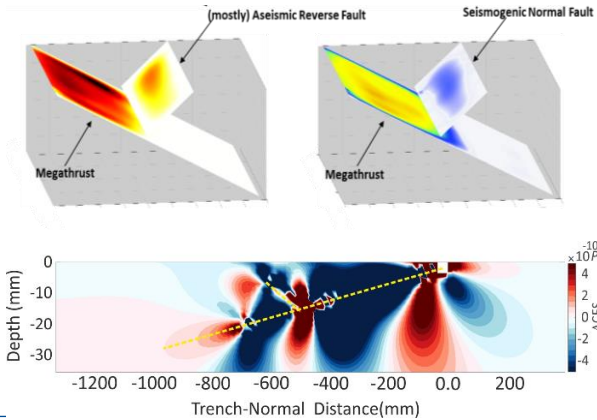
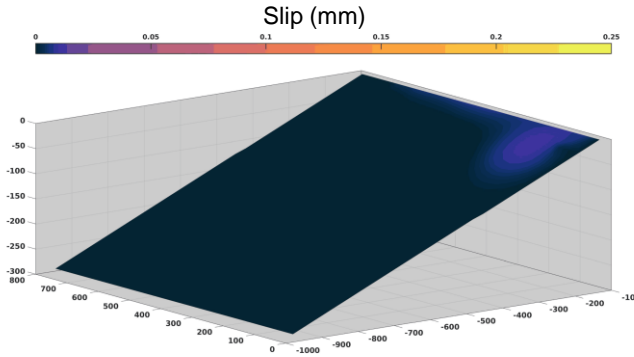
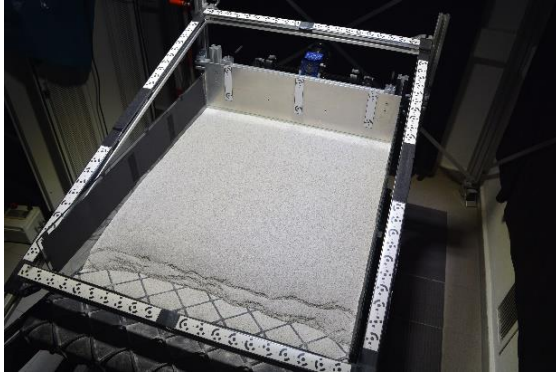
## MEMS accelerometers 0 Hz (static) to kHz



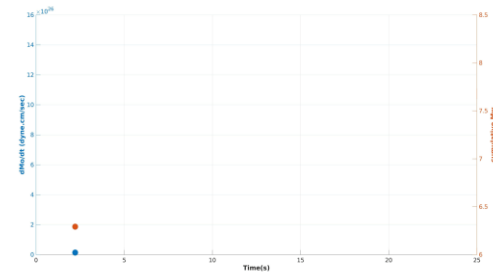
## Stress vs. strain



# Subduction zone megathrust earthquakes



Source parameters  
blue = moment rate red = cum. Mw



# Volcano flank collapse

