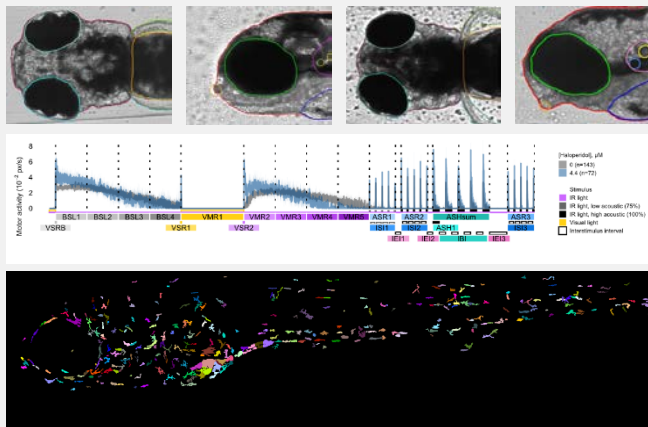


mTOX working group

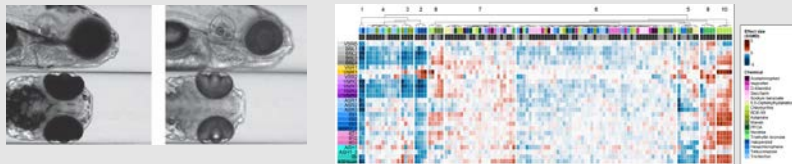


1. Develop New Approach Methods

(DevTox, DNT, ANT, gut inflammation)

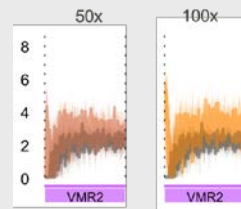
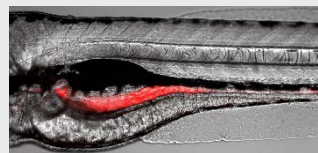


2. Discover mode of action

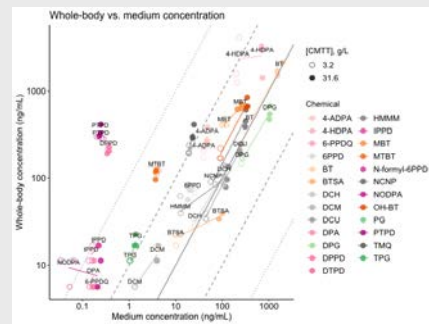


3. Identify risk drivers and modifying factors

Microbiome

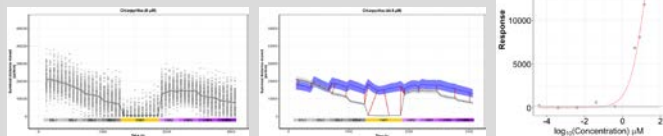


Complex mixtures



Identify toxic chemicals, mixtures & underlying mechanisms

4. Translation to impact



mTOX working group



PIs



T. Tal

PIs



S. Scholz

Postdocs



D. Leuthold

Postdocs



P. Opute



N. Herold

PhD
students



S. Gutsfeld



C. Wray



R. Owen



E. Nicolay



V. Saalmann



B. Chen



E. Chukwu



G. Ajugwo

PhD
students

Master's,
visiting PhD,
technicians



J. Spath



J. Raab



T. Silvestrini



N. Schweiger

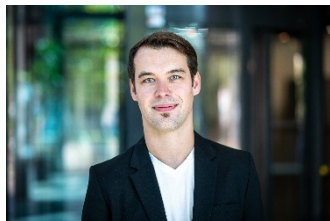


T. Jonat

Master's,
visiting PhD,
technicians

mTOX working group

Afternoon session



David Leuthold
Postdoc

- Novel NAM for neurotoxicity testing
- Mechanism discovery
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Renee Owen
PhD Student

- PFAS mechanism discovery
- Human-relevant mixture



Sebastian Gutsfeld and Chloe Wray
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- Microbiome as a modifying factor for developmental neurotoxicity effects



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- Novel NAM to identify chemical-dependent intestinal inflammation
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Multi-Behavioral Phenotyping in Early-Life-Stage Zebrafish

Dr. David Leuthold

1 October 2025

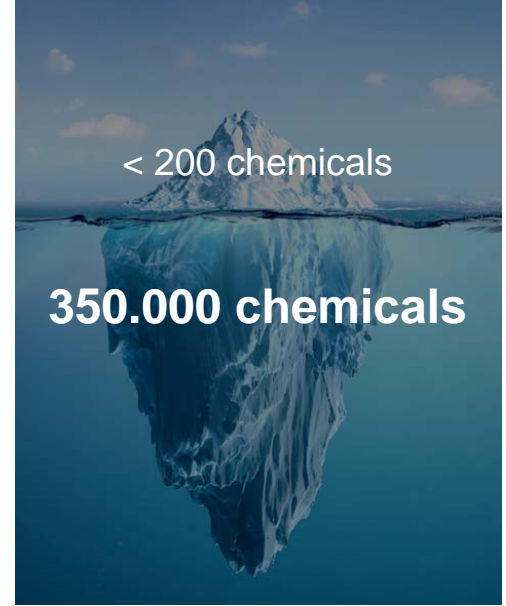
Leipzig | Germany

(Developmental) Neurotoxicity

A Persistent Data Gap in the Context of Expanding Chemical Use



www.shutterstock.com

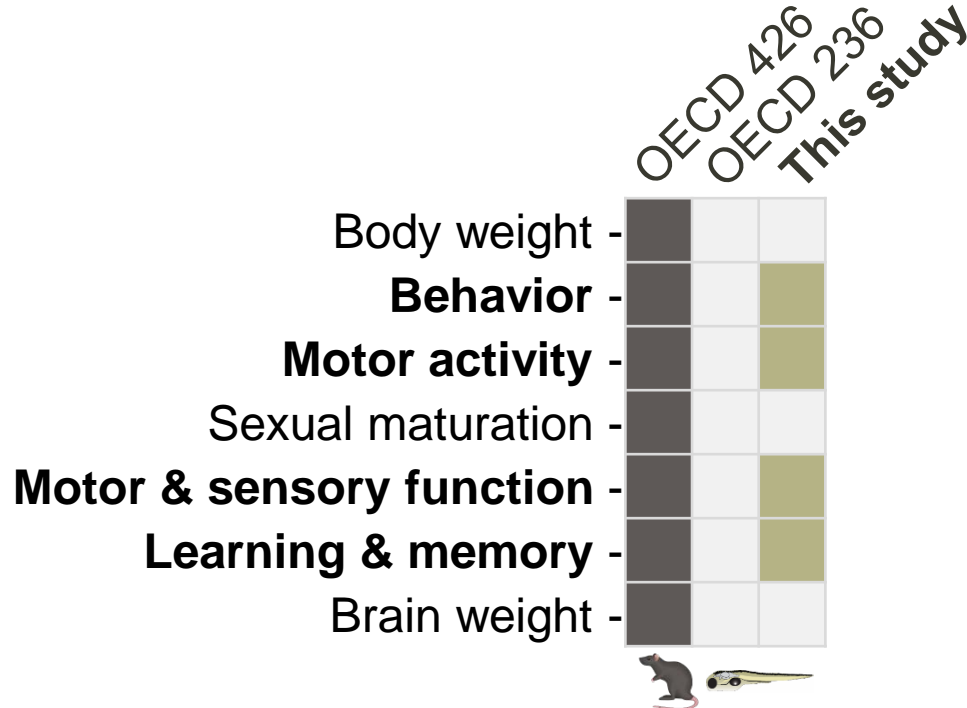


Current Testing Methods Cannot Keep Pace With Chemical Invention

Zebrafish as an Alternative Model



OECD No. 426:
**Developmental
Neurotoxicity
Study**



OECD No. 236:
**Fish Embryo
Acute Toxicity
(FET) Test**

Rise in Studies Utilizing Zebrafish Behavior

The Behavioral Repertoire of Zebrafish is Underutilized

Results per 100,000 citations in PubMed
proportion for each search by year, 1945 to 2025

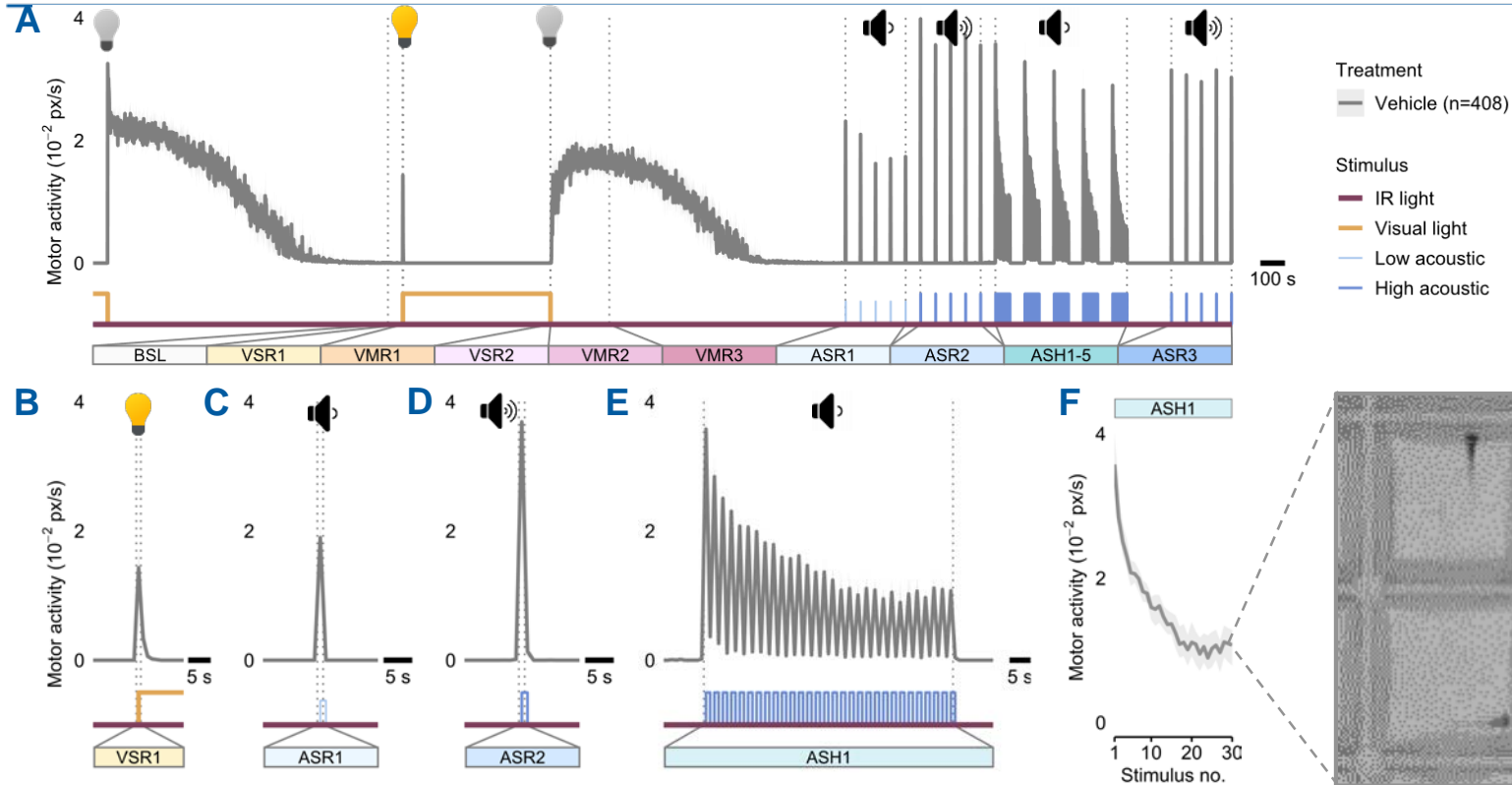


- **Behavior** reflects the **integrated output** of genetic, neural, and environmental influences.
- Neuronal circuit function is **not reflected in a single behavior**, but in diverse behavioral domains.
- “With sufficiently **rich behavioral phenotyping** and a large sampling of compounds, it should be possible to **identify neuroactive compounds** that have desirable multitarget **mechanisms of action.**”

Bruni et al., Nat Chem Biol, 2016

Expanding Phenotypic Space

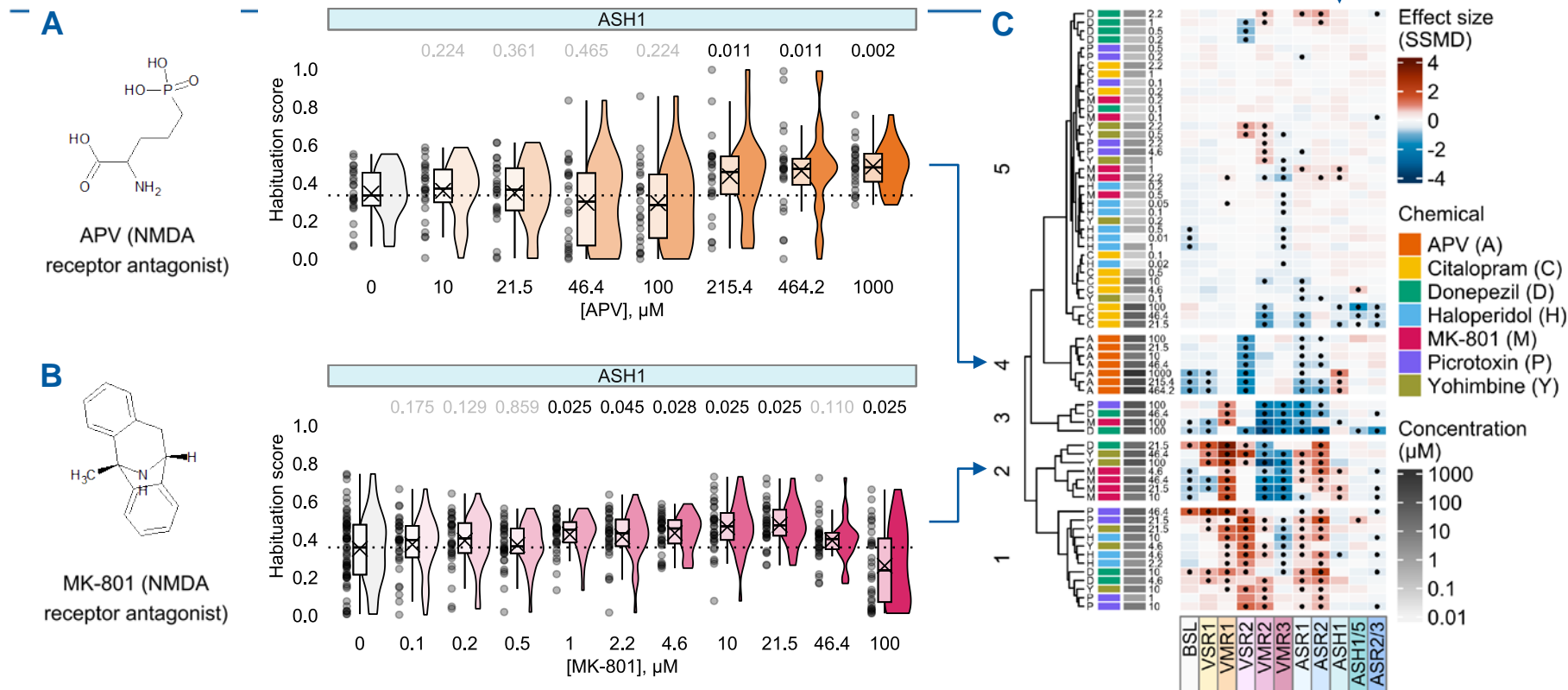
A Multi-Behavioral Phenotyping Approach to Quantify Visual & Acoustic Behaviors



BSL - baseline, VSR - visual startle response, VMR - visual motor response, ASR - acoustic startle response, ASH - acoustic startle habituation

Recapitulating Phenotypes in Pharmacological Space

Known Modulators of Habituation Learning Alter Multiple Zebrafish Behaviors



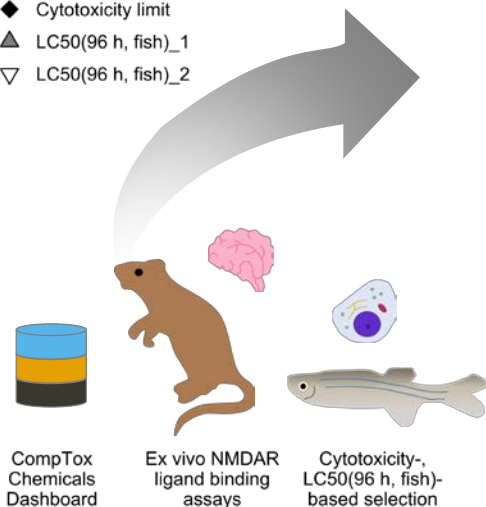
Integrating *Ex Vivo* & *In Vitro* Data to Validate *In Vivo* Targets

Targeted Screen for Chemicals that Affect Learning & Memory

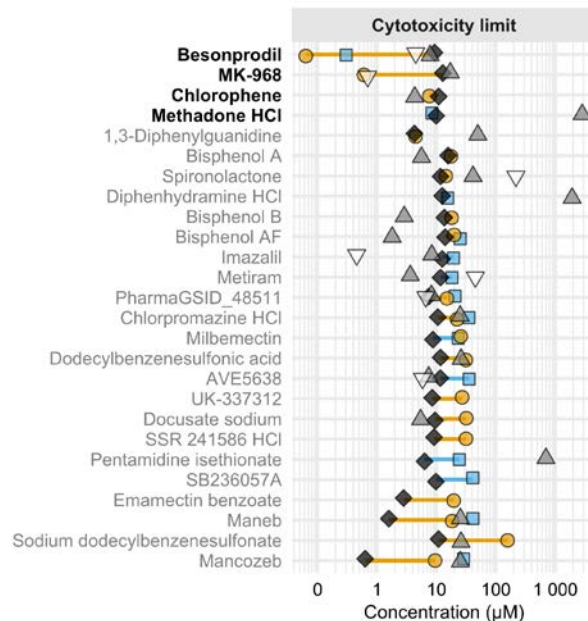
A

Effect concentration

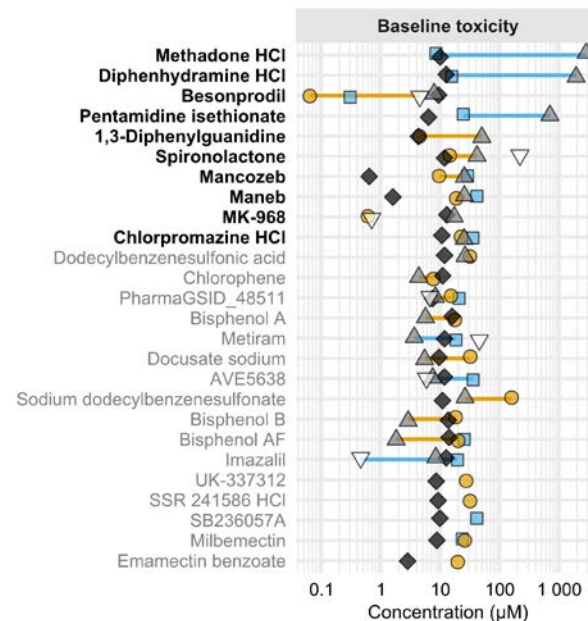
- AC50(NVS_LGIC_rGluNMDA_Agonist)
- AC50(NVS_LGIC_rGluNMDA_MK801_Agonist)
- ◆ Cytotoxicity limit
- ▲ LC50(96 h, fish)_1
- ▽ LC50(96 h, fish)_2



B

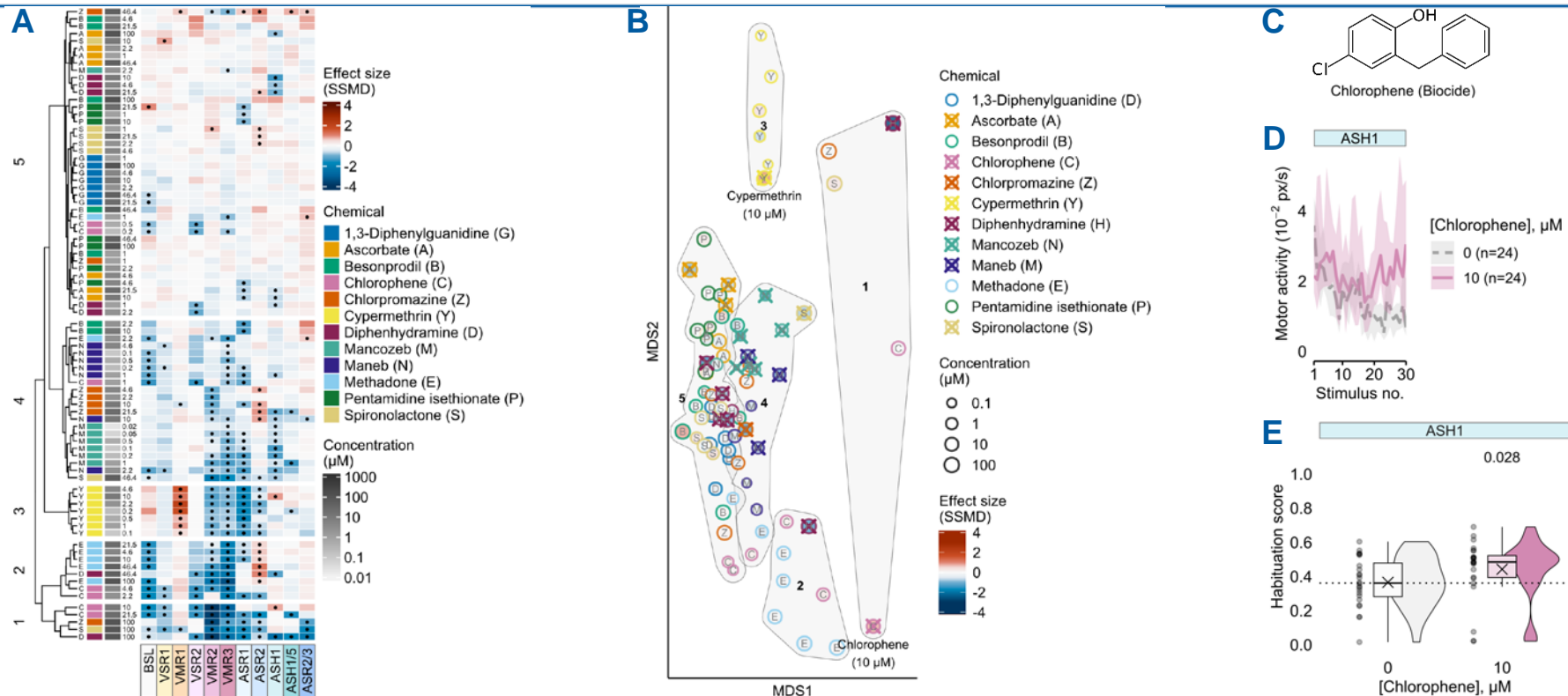


C



6 of 10 Compounds Impair Habituation in Zebrafish

The Biocide Chlorophene Disrupts Non-Associative Learning



Unraveling Chlorophene's MOA: Across Species – Across Institutes

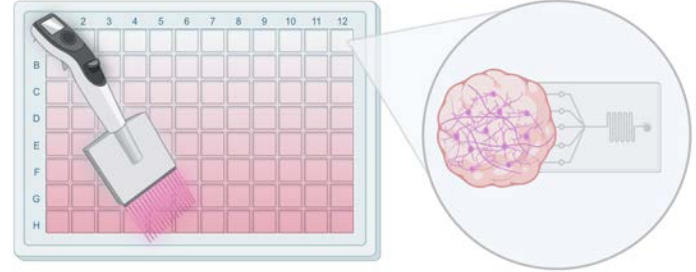
Chlorophene Does Not Directly Act on NMDARs & Alters Glutamatergic Signaling



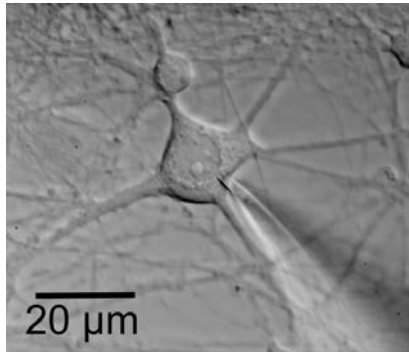
UNIVERSITÄT
LEIPZIG

IUF

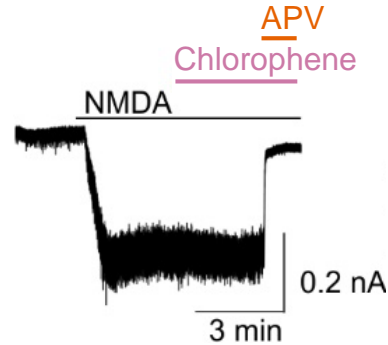
LEIBNIZ-INSTITUT
FÜR UMWELT-
MEDIZINISCHE
FORSCHUNG



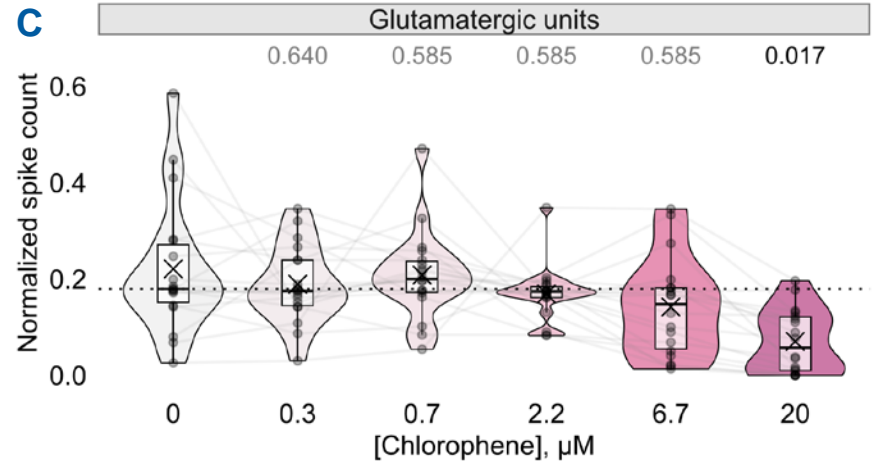
A



B

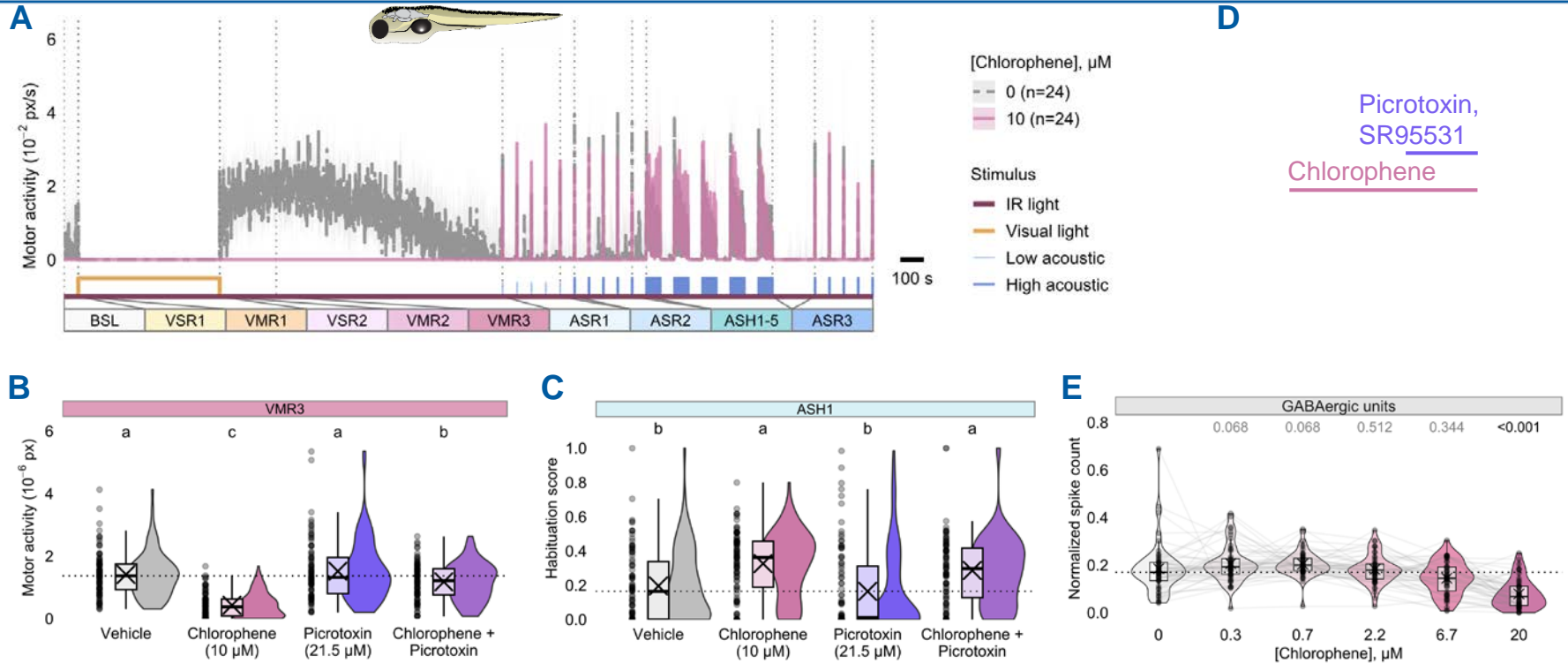


C



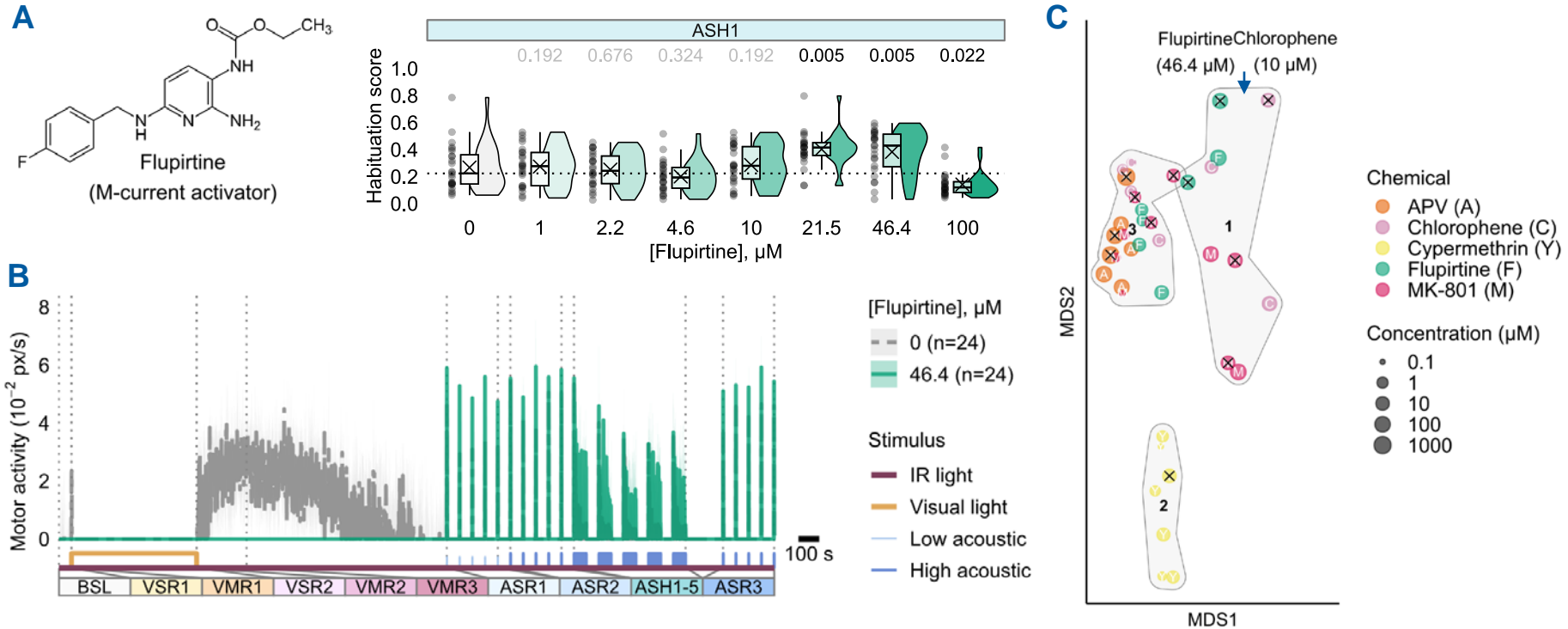
Paradoxical Excitation

Chlorophene Acts on GABA_A Receptors in Zebrafish, Mouse, and Human



Phenocopy Approach Reveals MOA

Chlorophene Indirectly Acts on NMDARs Through Kv7 & GABA_AR Activation



Conclusions

- A 3R-compliant alternative to rodent-based neurotoxicity guideline studies



- Identification and mechanistic elucidation of neurotoxic compounds:
 - Chlorophene, a biocide (cosmetics, disinfectants), inhibits visual behaviors & learning
 - Chlorophene is a functional GABA_A receptor agonist, activates Kv7 channels, and indirectly blocks NMDA receptors
 - Chlorophene's mechanism of action is conserved in rodent and human models



NeuroToxicology
Volume 108, May 2025, Pages 377-399

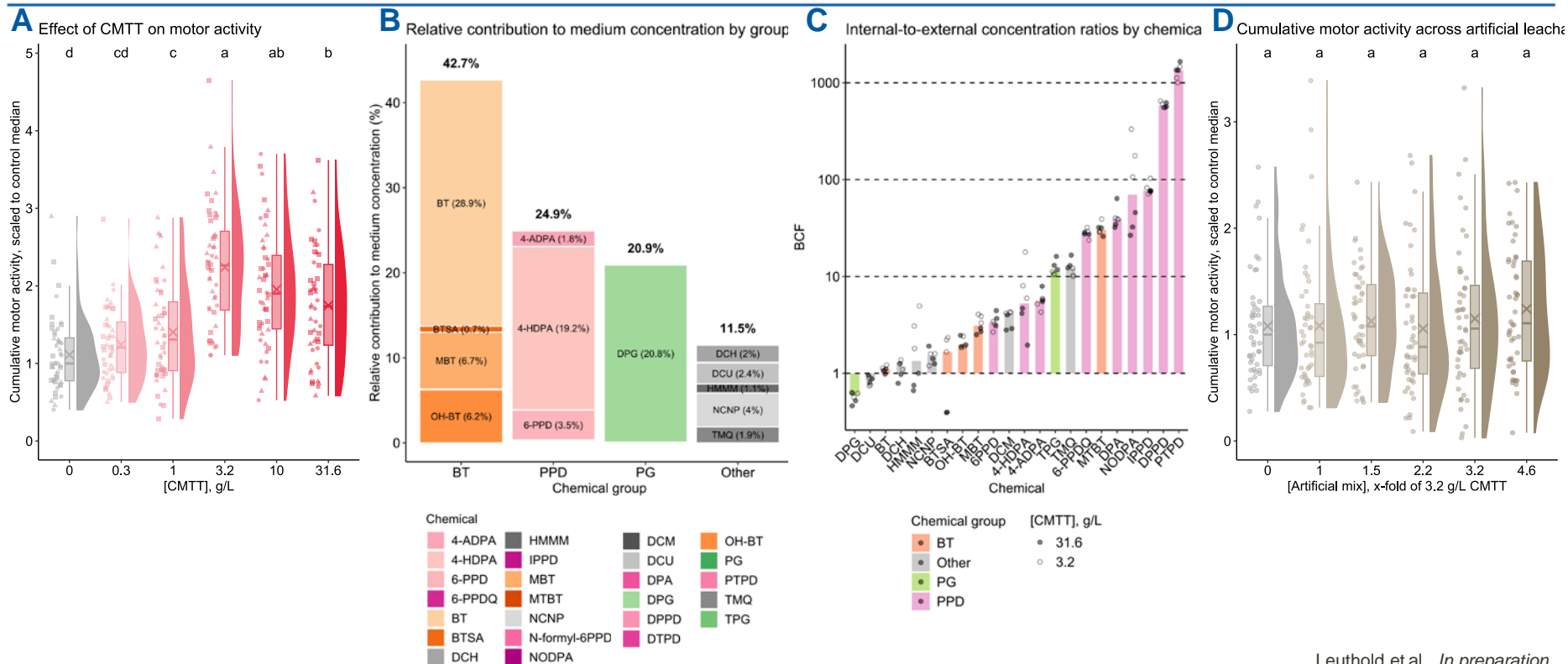


Multi-behavioral fingerprints can identify potential modes of action for neuroactive environmental chemicals

Nadia K. Herold ^a, Sebastian Gutsfeld ^a, David Leuthold ^a, Chloe Wray ^a, Julia Spath ^a, Tamara Tal ^{a,*,}

Behavioral Profiling of Environmental Samples (ETOX + EAC)

Identification of Drivers & Mechanisms of Acute Tire Tread Leachate Toxicity

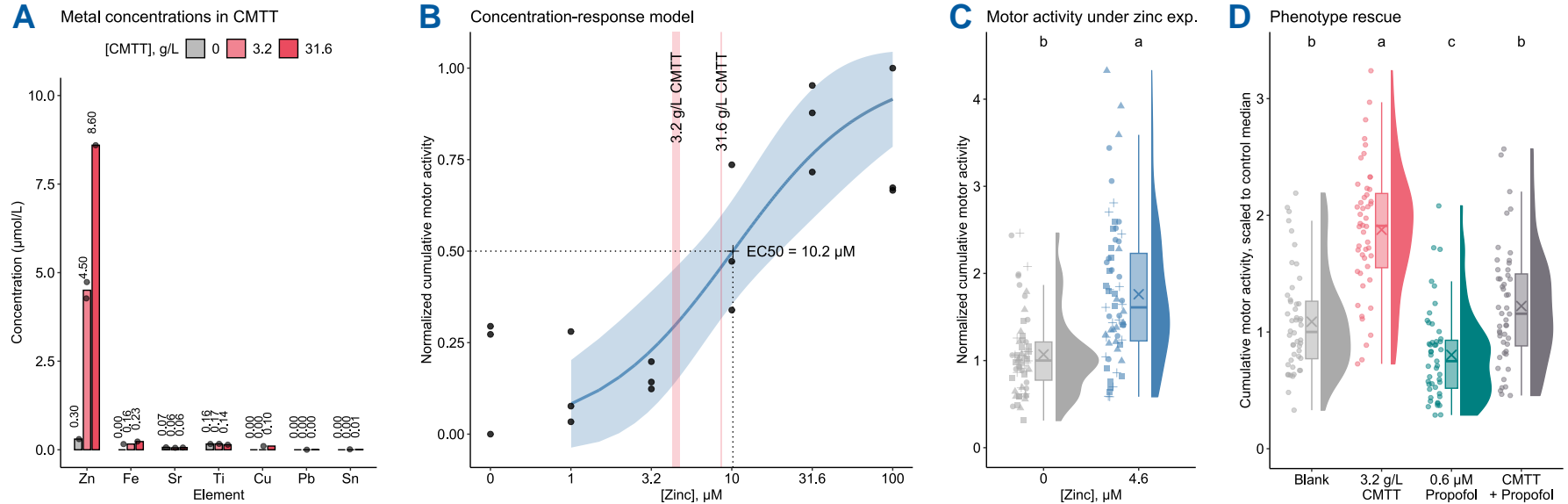


Leuthold et al., *In preparation*.

CMTT – Cryo-milled tire tread, BT – Benzothiazoles, PPD – Para-phenylenediamines, PG – Phenylguanidines.

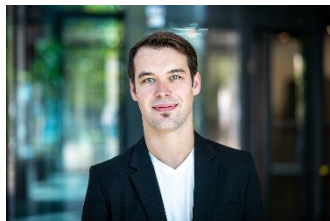
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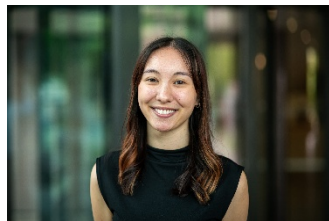
mTOX working group

Afternoon session



David Leuthold
Postdoc

- Novel NAM for neurotoxicity testing
- Mechanism discovery
- Complex mixtures



Renee Owen
PhD Student

- PFAS mechanism discovery
- Human-relevant mixture



Sebastian Gutsfeld and Chloe Wray
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- Microbiome as a modifying factor for developmental neurotoxicity effects



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- Novel NAM to identify chemical-dependent intestinal inflammation
- Interplay with enteric nervous system

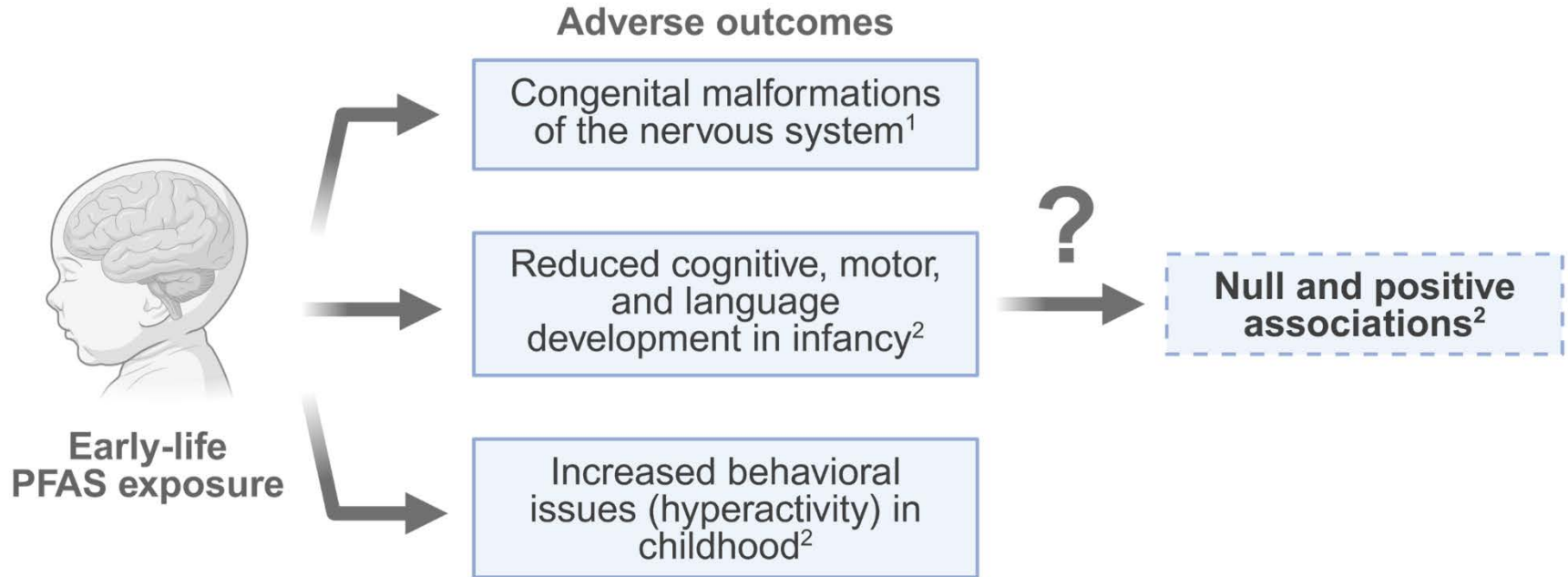
Identifying chemical drivers of mixture effects and unraveling molecular mechanisms:

A per- and polyfluoroalkyl
substances (PFAS) case study

Renee Owen

Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)

Conflicting epidemiological data on developmental neurotoxicity



Chemical mixtures

Human-relevant PFAS mixture design



Sulfonic acid PFAS

■ PFHxS

■ PFOS

Carboxylic acid PFAS

■ PFOA

■ PFNA

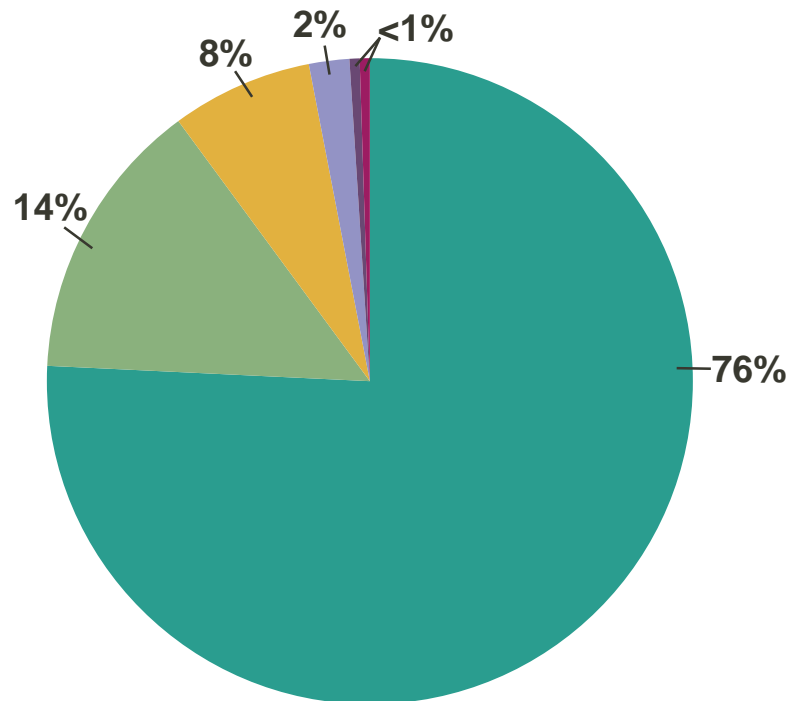


■ PFDA



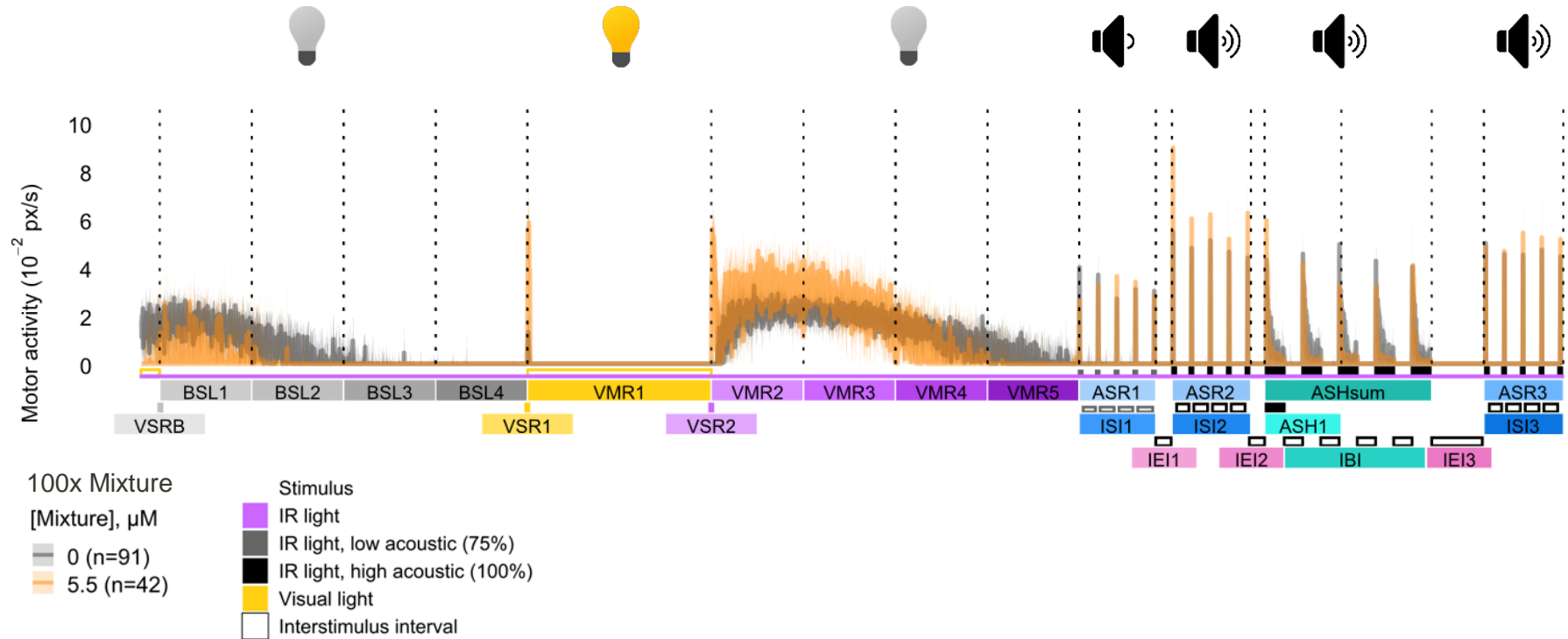
■ PFUnDA

Mixture Composition



Battery of visual and acoustic stimuli

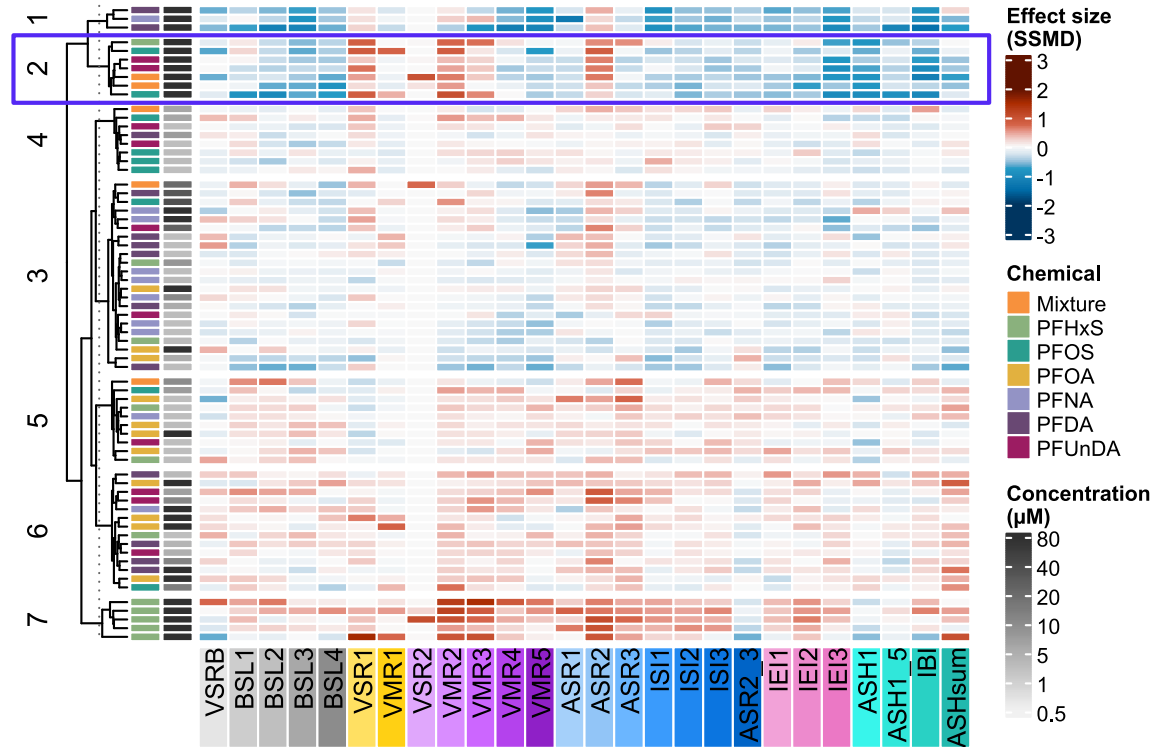
Visual and Acoustic Motor Response (VAMR) assay



BSL (Baseline); VSR (Visual Startle Response); VMR (Visual Motor Response); ASR (Acoustic Startle Response); ASH (Acoustic Startle Habituation); ISI (Inter-stimulus interval); IEI (Inter-endpoint interval)

Potential drivers underlying mixture effects

Hierarchical clustering of mixture and six individual substances

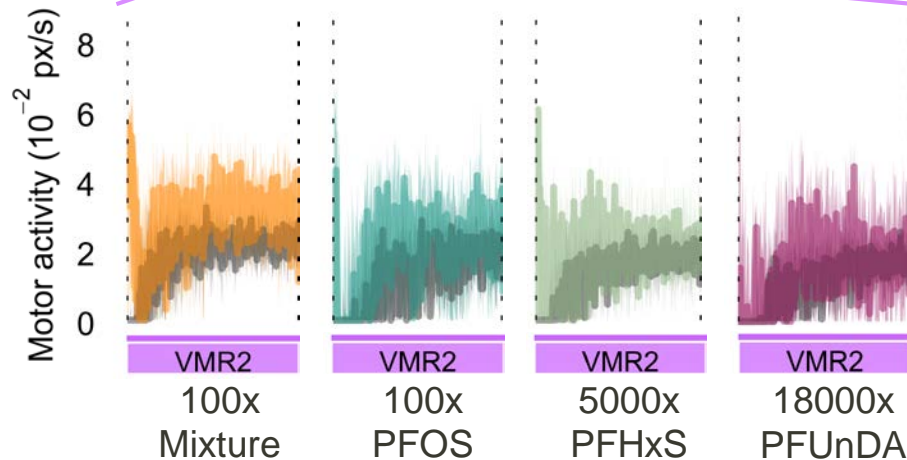
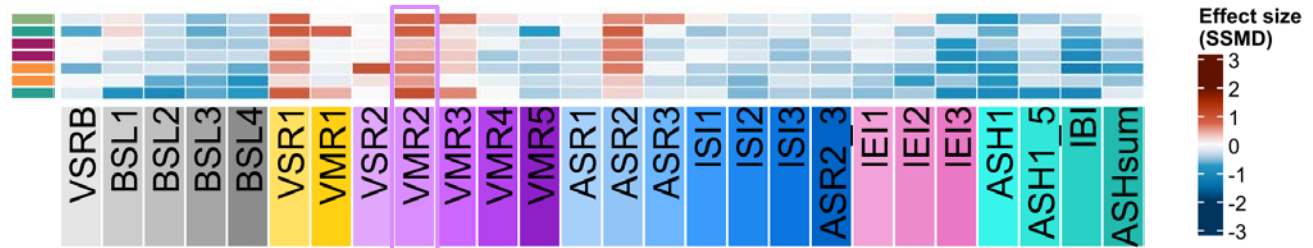


Potential drivers underlying mixture effects

PFOS, PFHxS, and PFUnDA cluster with 50-100x the mixture

Chemical

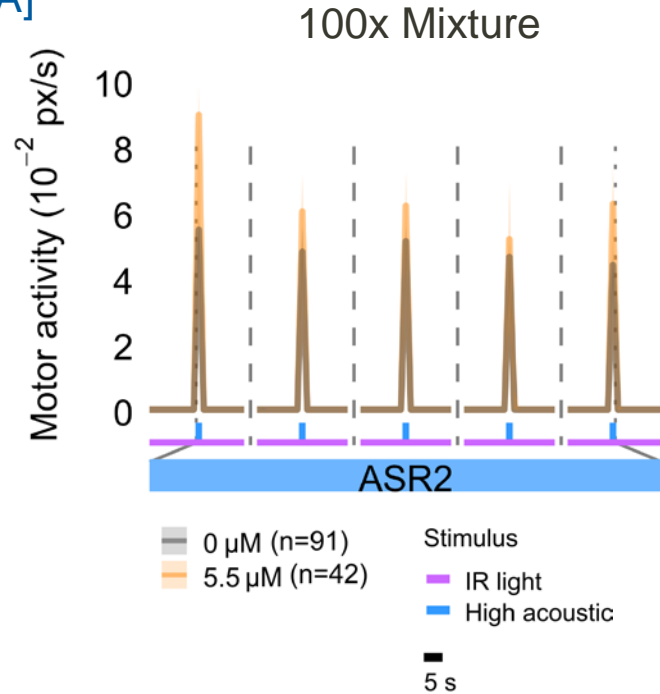
- 50x, 100x Mixture
- 5000x PFHxS
- 100x, 130x PFOS
- 10000x, 18000x PFUnDA



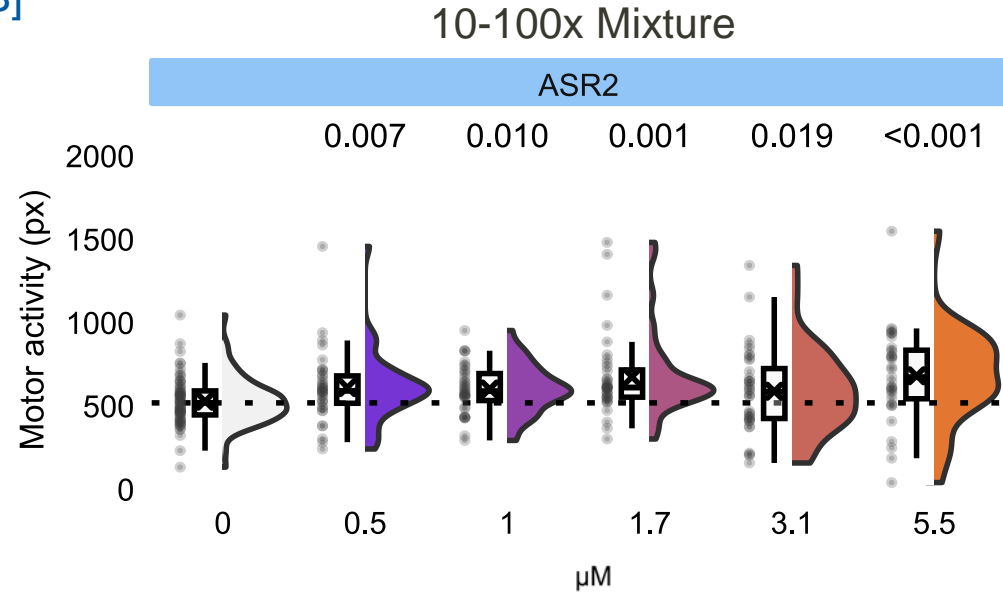
Mixture effects nearing human blood levels

Robust acoustic startle response hyperactivity

[A]

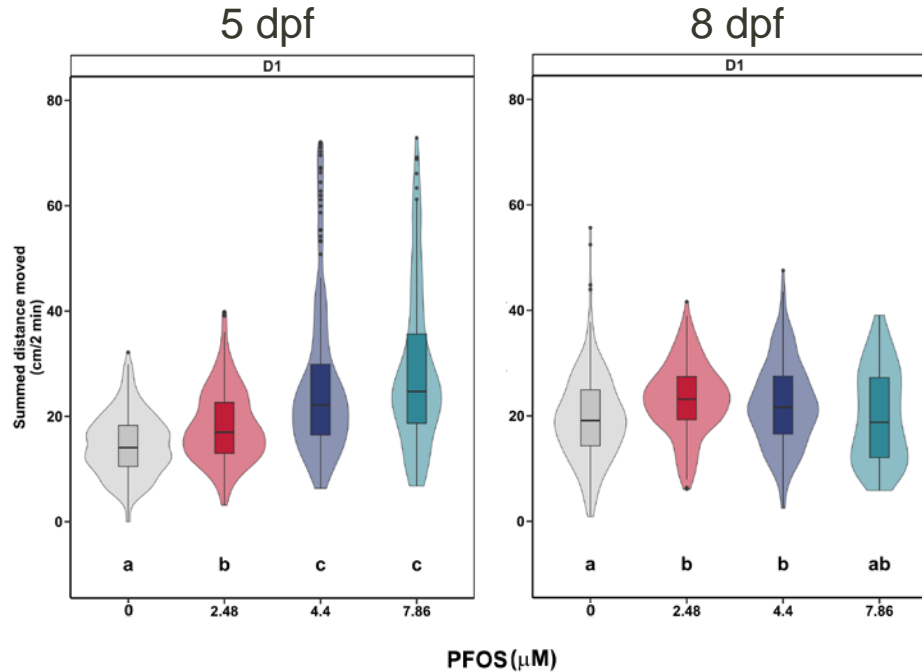


[B]



Unraveling molecular mechanisms

Dark-phase hyperactivity is transient



Characterization of GABAR modulator behavioral profiles

GABA_AR antagonist phenocopies the behavioral response induced by PFOS

Hypothesis

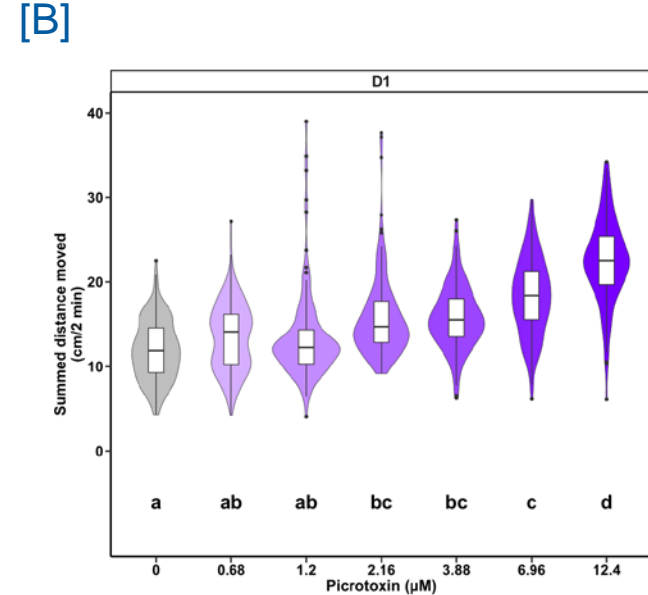
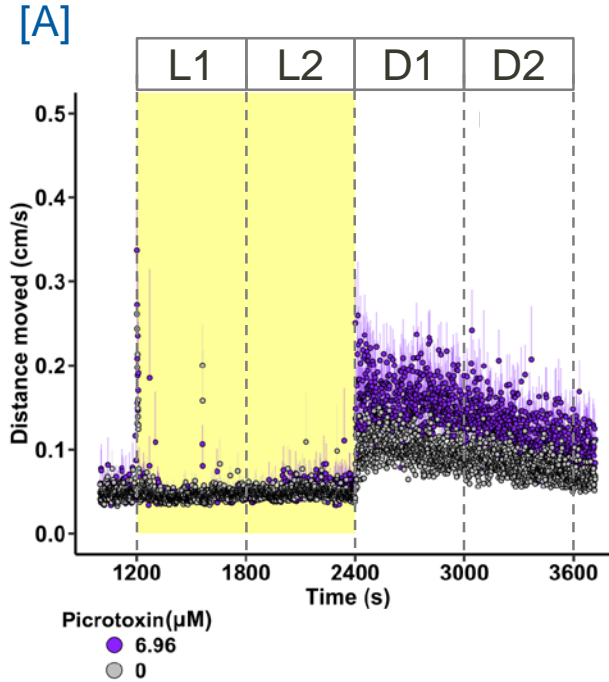
PFOS antagonizes
GABARs in larval
zebrafish

Approach 1

Exposure to a
GABAR antagonist

Predicted
Outcome

Phenocopy
hyperactivity



L- light phase; D- dark phase

Owen et al. Tox Sci. 2025.

Pharmacological validation of PFOS as a GABAR antagonist

Co-exposure with a **GABA_AR PAM** rescues the hyperactivity phenotype

Hypothesis

PFOS antagonizes GABARs in larval zebrafish

Approach 2

Co-exposure to a GABAR agonist

Predicted Outcome

Blunt hyperactivity phenotype

[A]

Propofol (μM)

D1

● 0.43
● 0

PFOS (μM)

D1

● 120
● 0

PFOS+Propofol (μM)

D1

● 0.43+120
● 0

[B]

Control

Propofol

PFOS

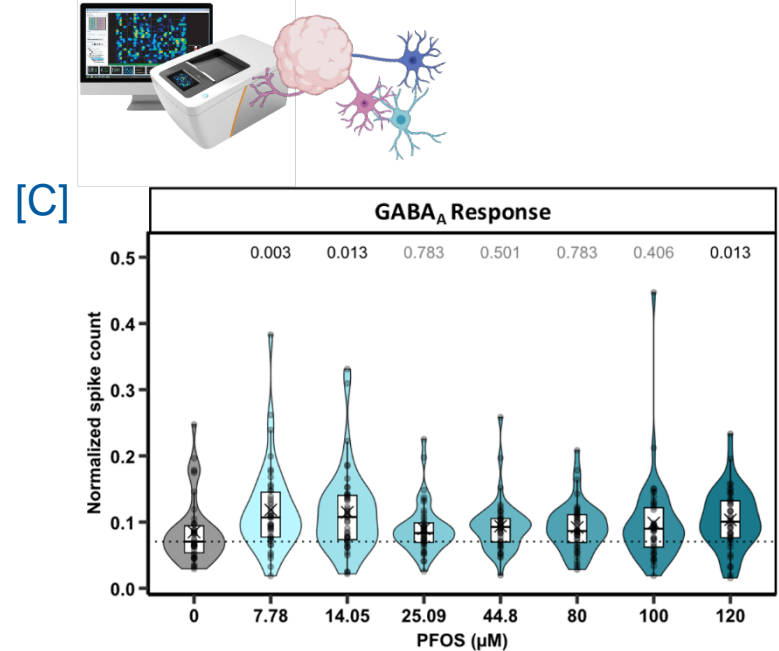
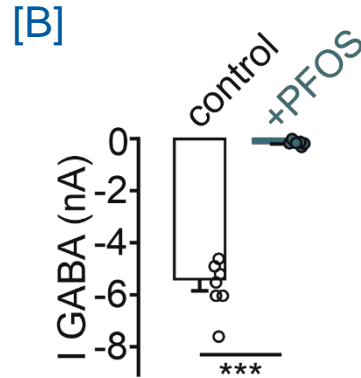
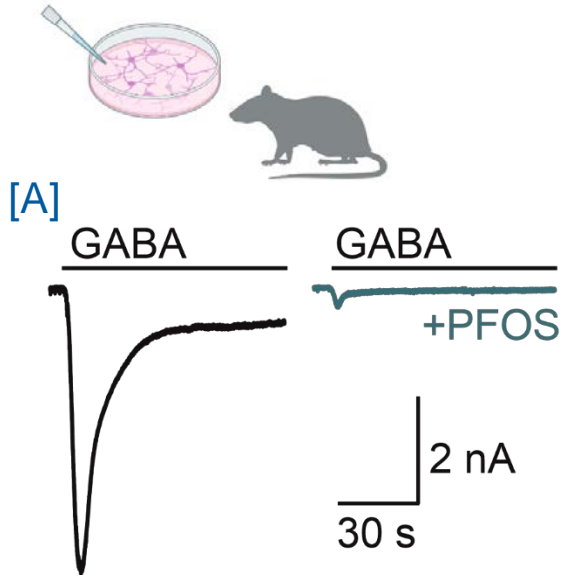
Propofol
+
PFOS

D- dark phase

Owen et al. Tox Sci. 2025.

Orthogonal evaluation

PFOS antagonizes GABA_AR in mouse and human models



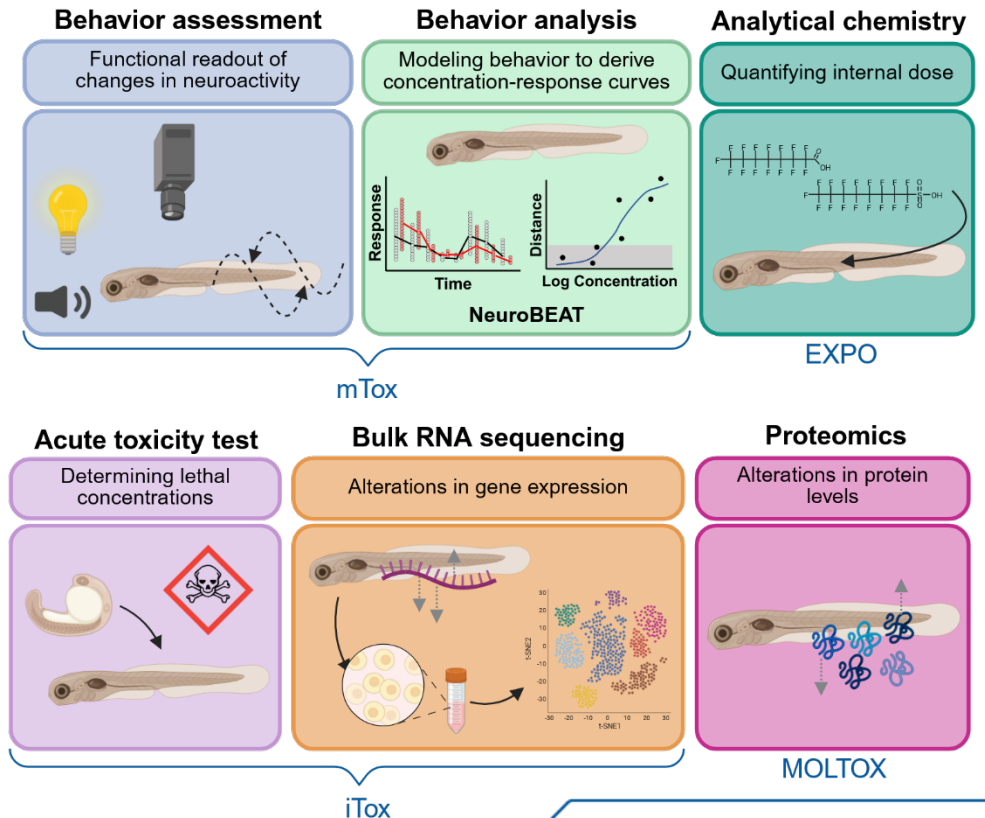
Jana Nerlich (Uni Leipzig)

Ilka Scharkin (IUF)

Take home message

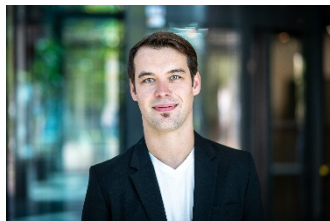
Future directions: untangling PFAS mixture effects

- Identified PFAS induced behavioral phenotypes including dark-phase hyperactivity
- Uncovered a conserved causative mechanism by which PFOS alters neuroactivity, through GABAR interaction
- Overall, building confidence in the use of zebrafish behavior data for human risk assessment



mTOX working group

Afternoon session



David Leuthold

Postdoc

- Novel NAM for neurotoxicity testing
- Mechanism discovery
- Complex mixtures



Renee Owen

PhD Student

- PFAS mechanism discovery
- Human-relevant mixture



Sebastian Gutsfeld and Chloe Wray

PhD Students

- Microbiome as a modifying factor for developmental neurotoxicity effects



Elena Nicolay

PhD Student

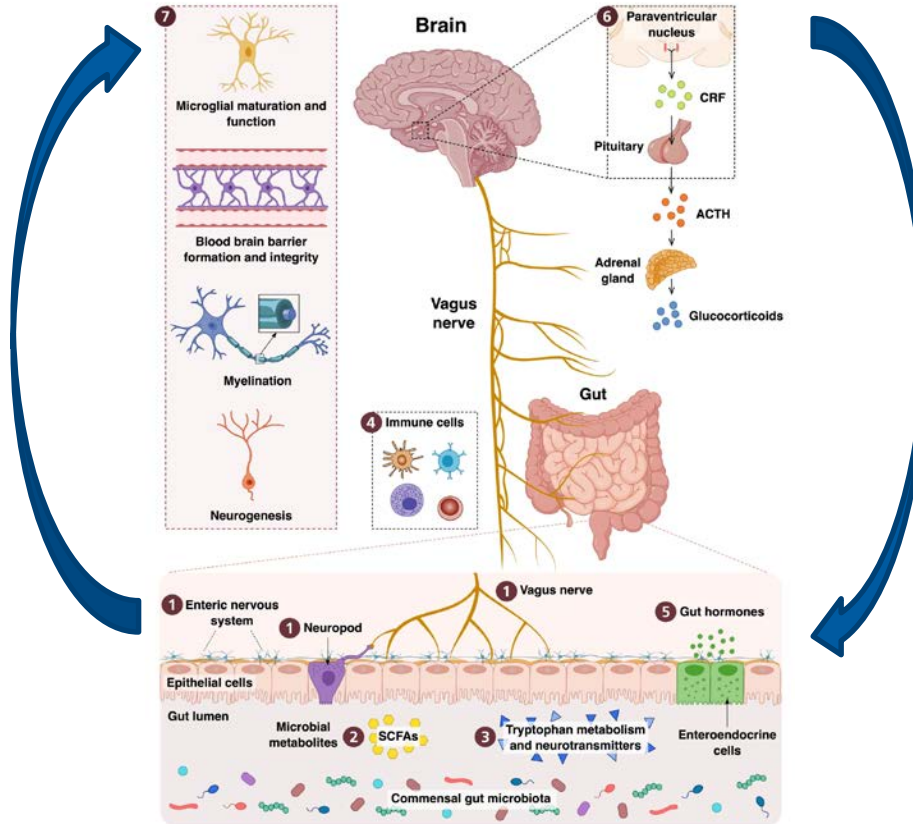
- Novel NAM to identify chemical-dependent intestinal inflammation
- Interplay with enteric nervous system

Elucidating the functional relevance of chemical-microbiome interactions and their effects on the host

Sebastian Gutsfeld and Chloe Wray



Bidirectional communication between the brain and the gut

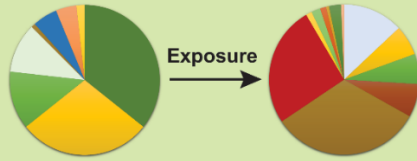


Microbiome toxicology

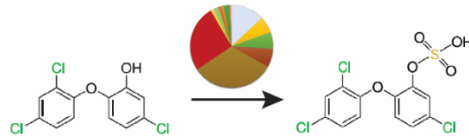
Chemical-microbiome-host interactions that influence host health

Known:

I. Chemical exposure selects for altered microbiomes: *Composition & function*



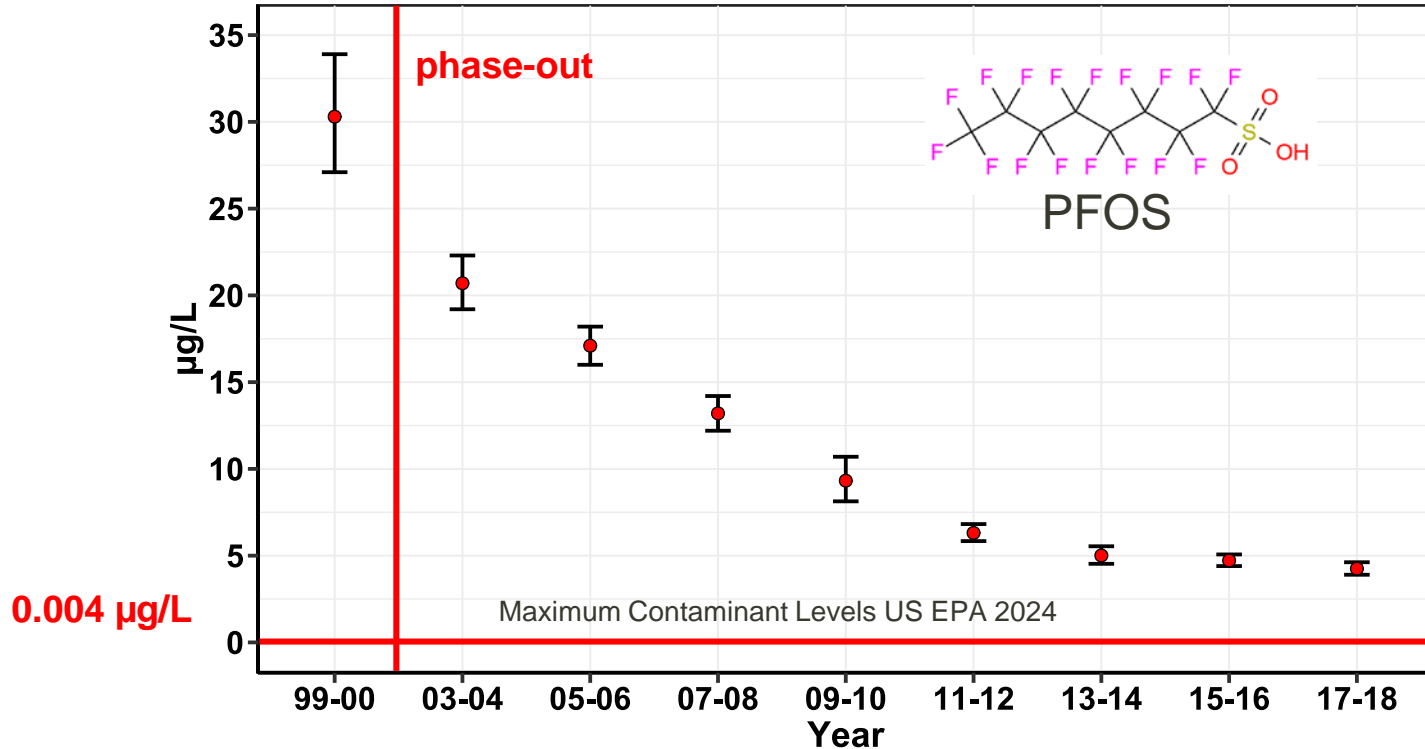
II. Chemical-selected microbiomes alter biotransformation



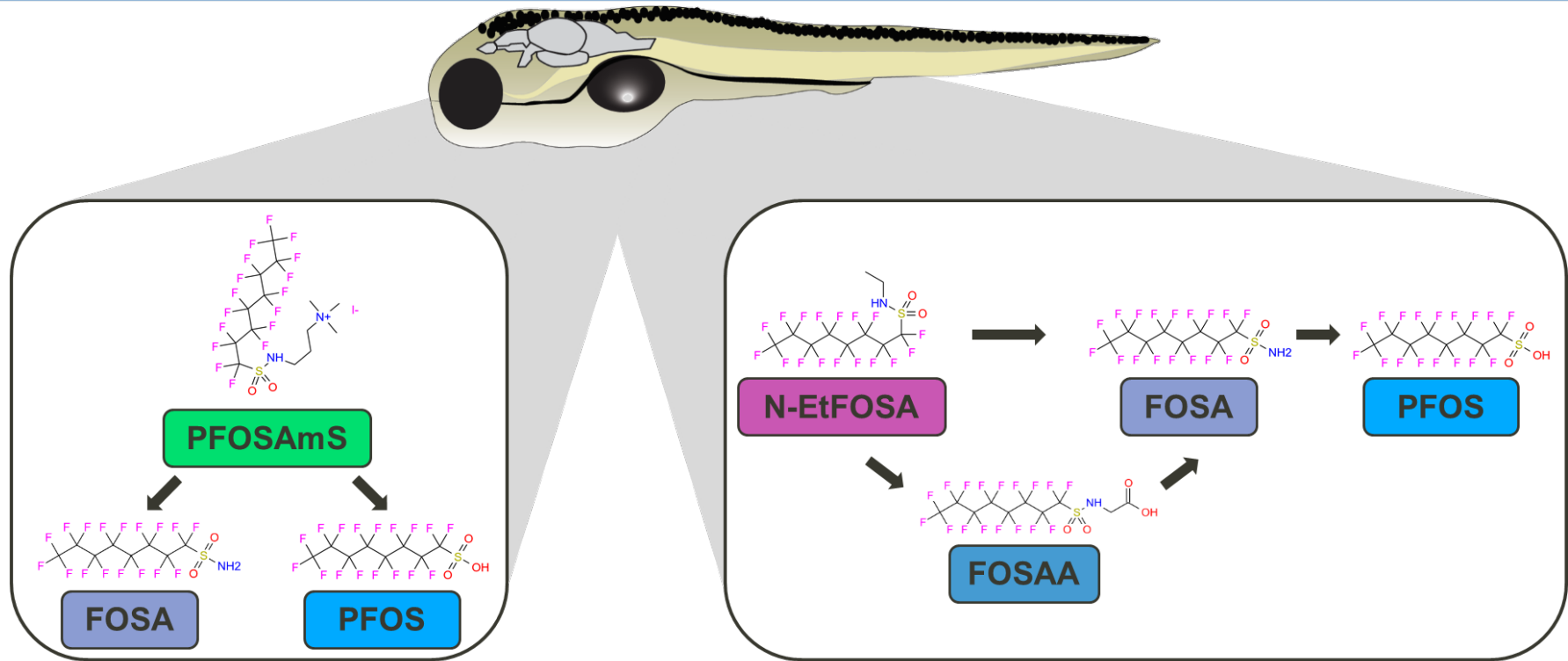
Gap:

- Functional relevance of these interactions to the host

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) blood serum levels may be influenced by transformation products of PFOS precursors



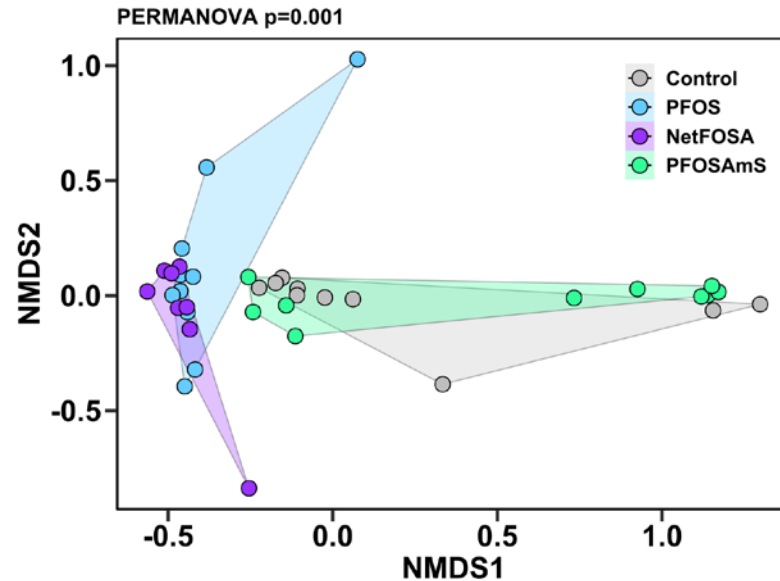
PFOS blood serum levels may be influenced by transformation products of PFOS precursors



Mod after Han et al. 2021, EHP

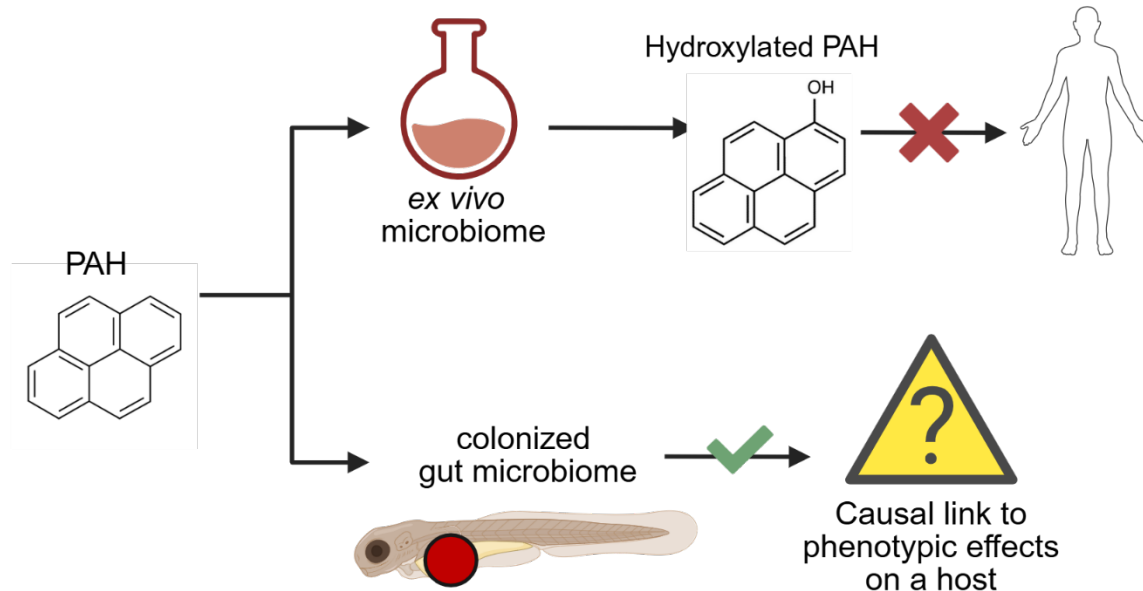
Mod after Glaser et al. 2020, Integr. Assm. And Managm.

Exposure to PFOS or N-EtFOSA alters microbiome composition



Ex vivo human microbiome generates estrogenic metabolites

Defining the functional consequences of chemical-microbiome interactions in vivo



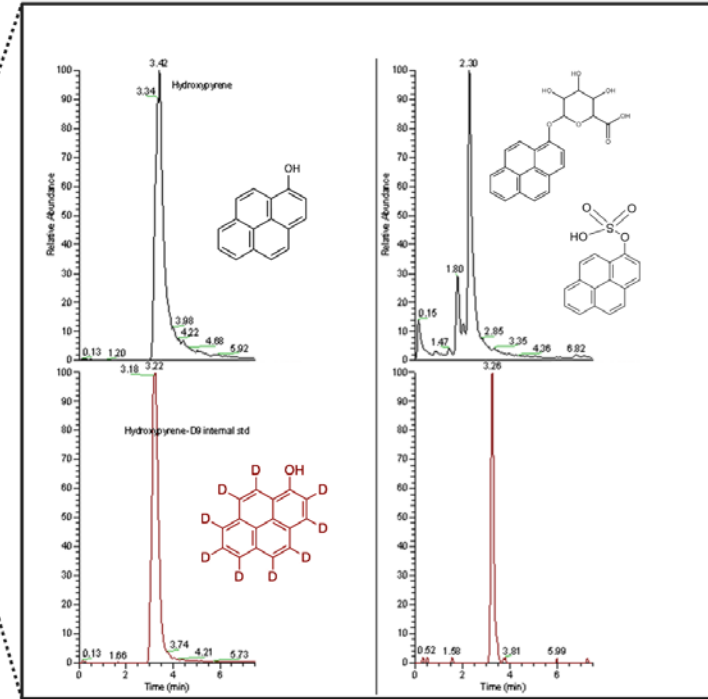
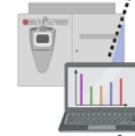
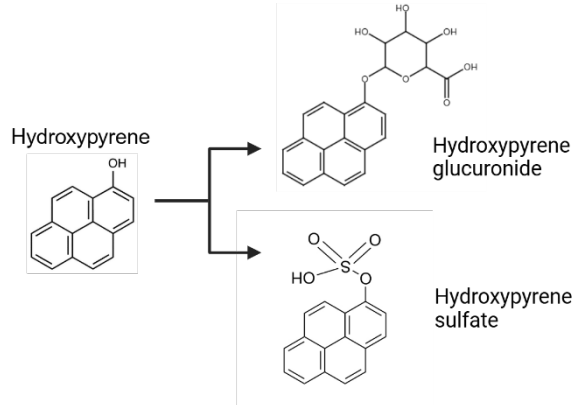
Preliminary Evidence of Pyrene Biotransformation

Evidence of Phase II metabolism

Phase I
Metabolism:
Hydroxylation

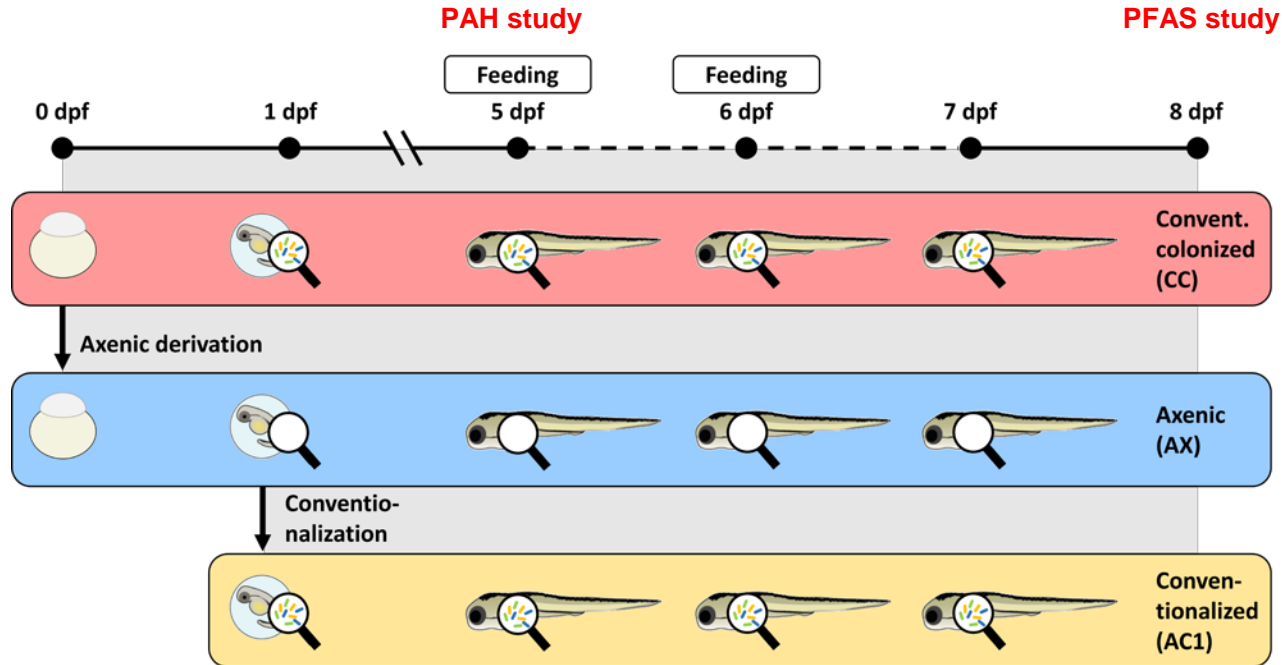


Phase II
Metabolism:
Conjugation

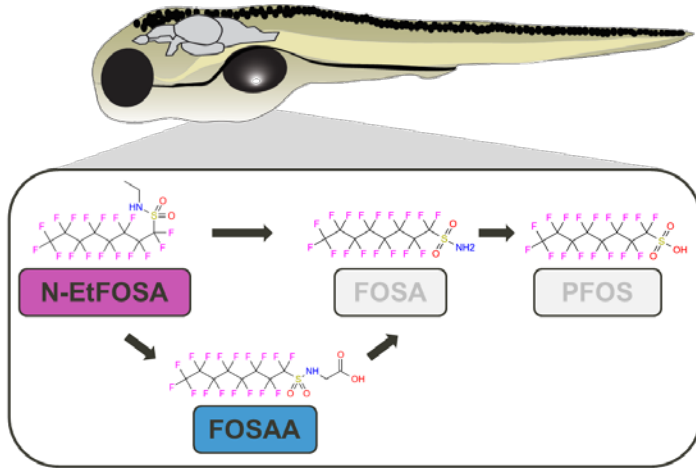


Identify microbiome-dependent host effects

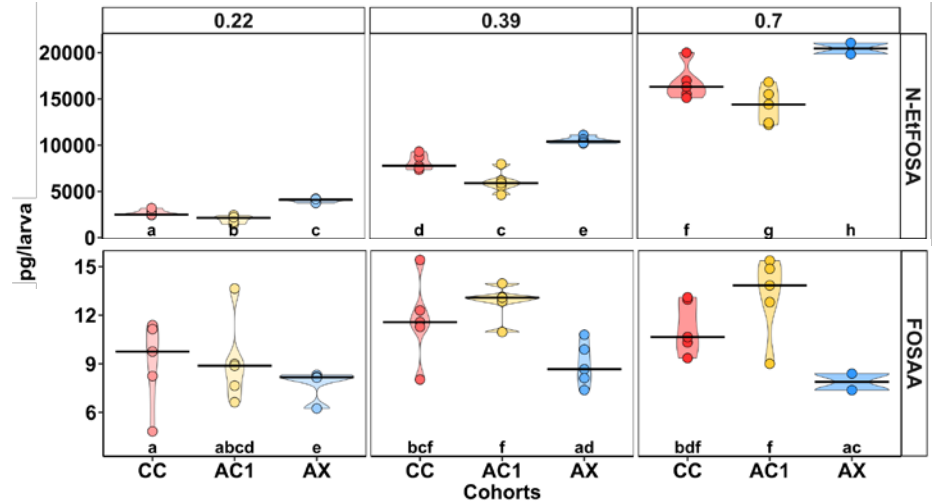
Multi-colonization cohort system



Microbiome status influences precursor transformation

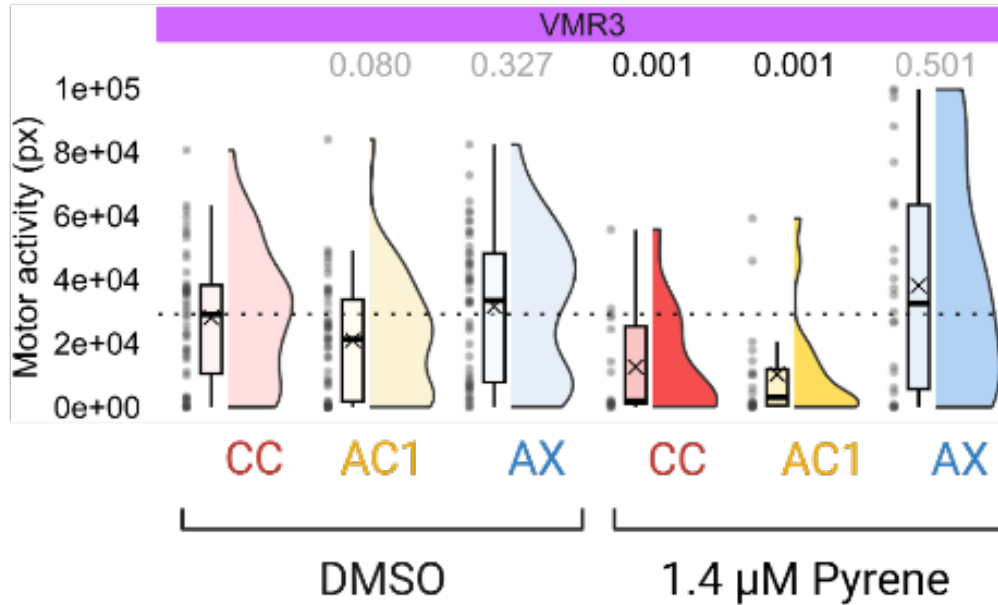


Mod after Glaser et al. 2020, Integr. Assm. And Managm.

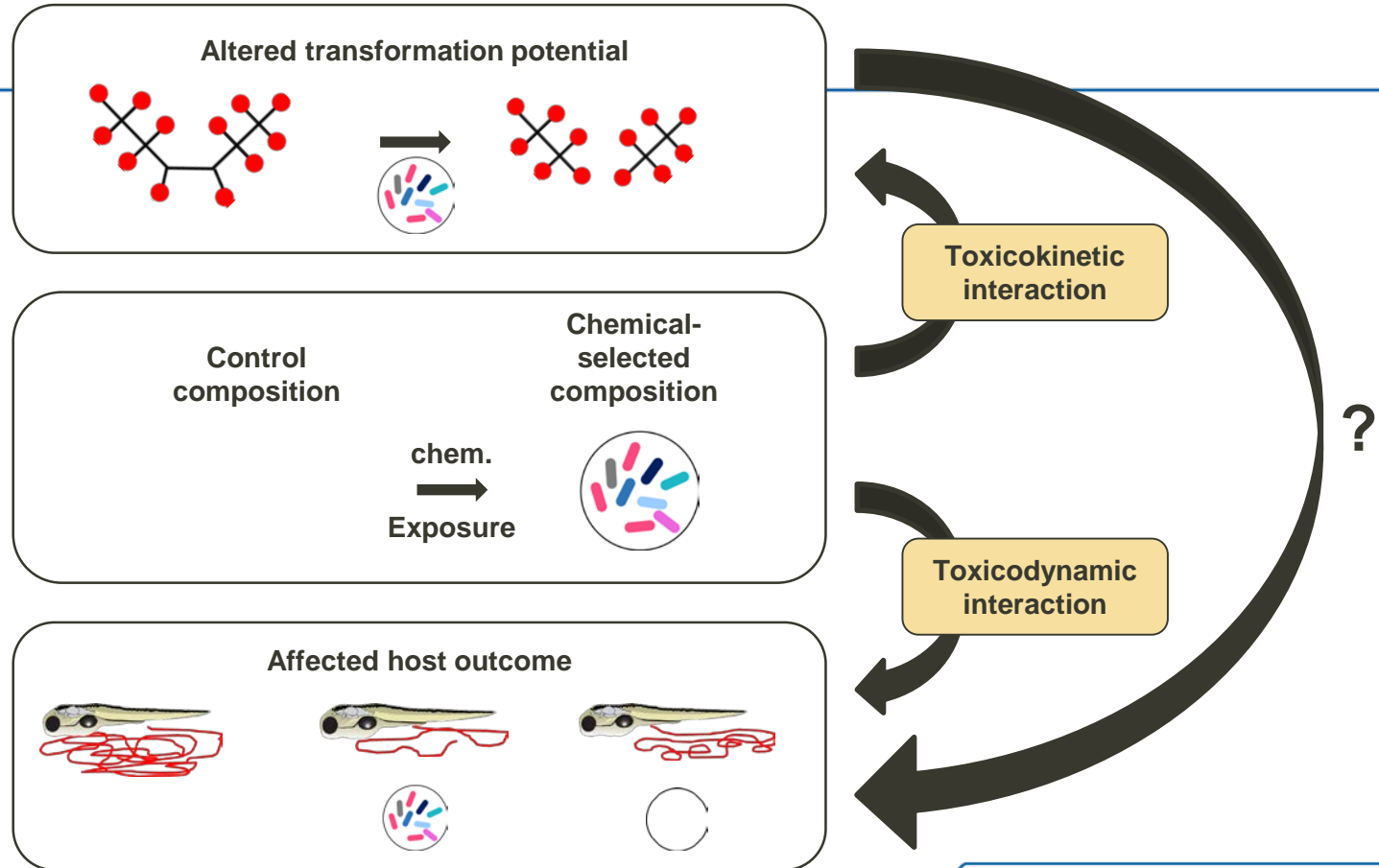


Potential microbiome-mediated bioactivation event

AX status blocks some behavior effects of pyrene

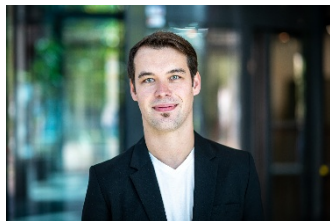


Main findings



mTOX working group

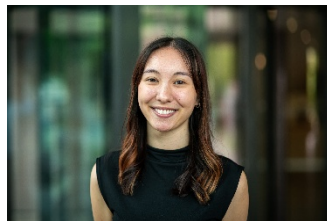
Afternoon session



David Leuthold

Postdoc

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- Complex mixtures



Renee Owen

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- PFAS mechanism discovery
- Human-relevant mixture



Sebastian Gutsfeld and Chloe Wray

PhD Students

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Elena Nicolay

PhD Student

- Novel NAM to identify chemical-dependent intestinal inflammation
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Establishing a high-content imaging workflow

Investigating environmental chemical effects on macrophages and enteric neurons in zebrafish larvae

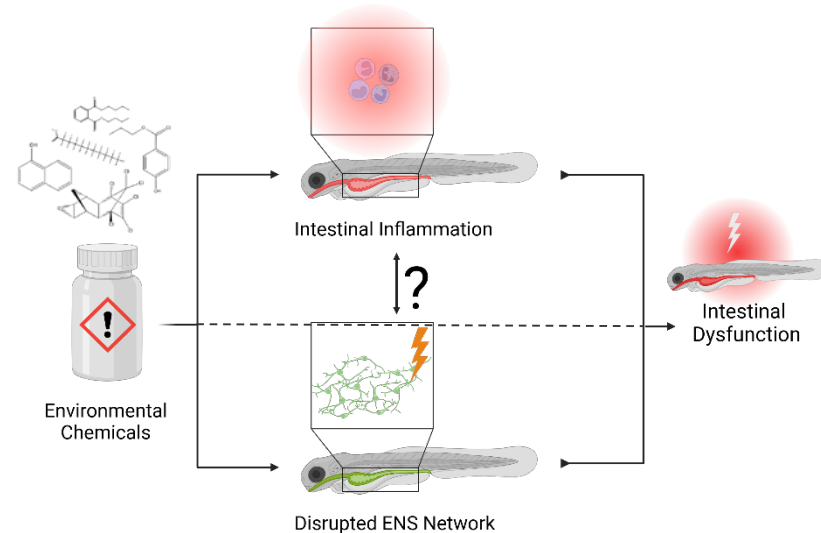
October 1st, 2025

Elena Nicolay

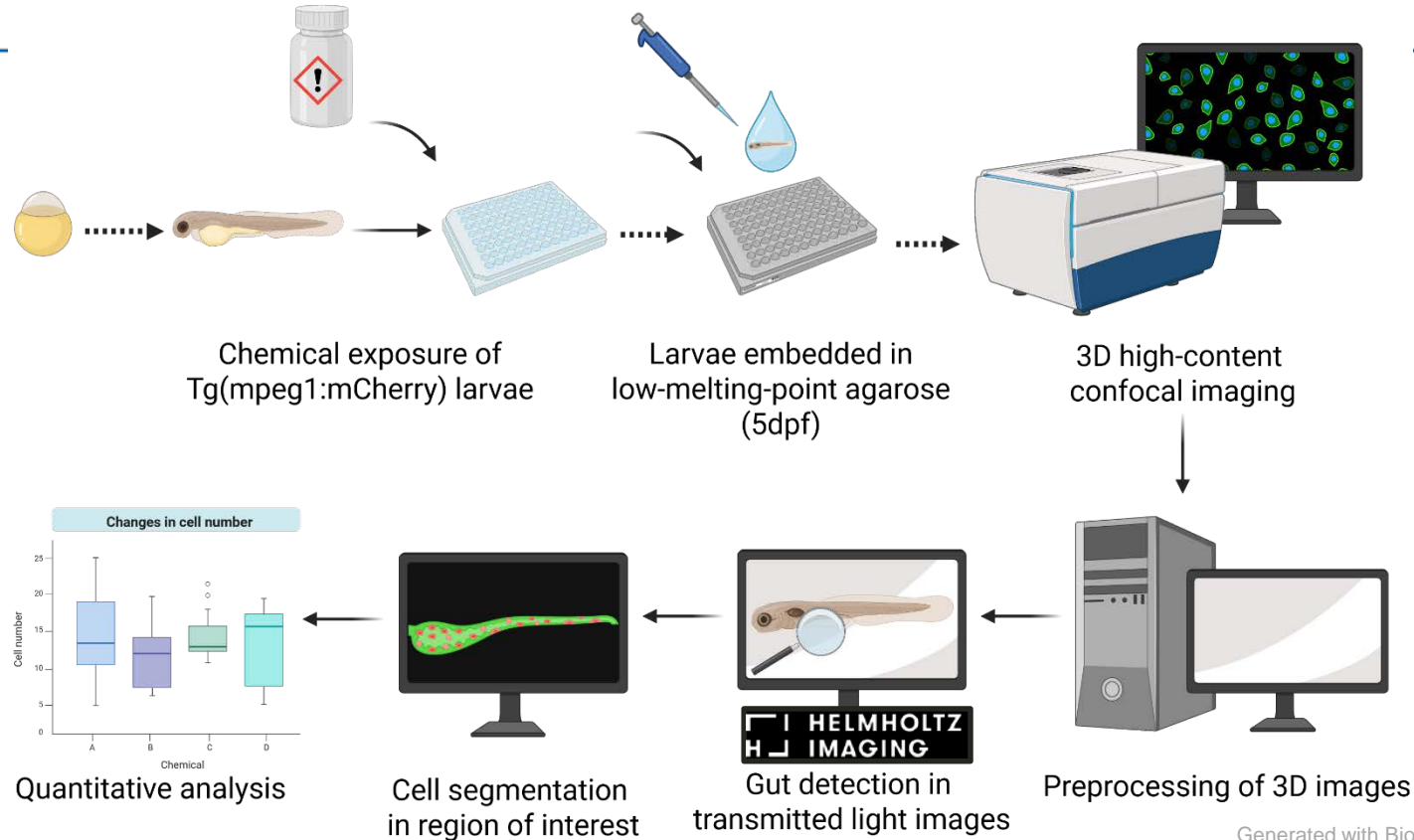
Environmental chemicals enter the body via the gut

Mostly overlooked in neurotoxicology: enteric nervous system (ENS)

- Intestinal tract is a **major route** of chemical exposure
- Exposure may impair **intestinal physiology**
 - Intestinal **inflammation**
 - Disruption of **ENS development** and function?
- Hypothesis: Environmental chemicals impair **innate immunity** and **ENS development**
- Method: Open-source workflow for high-content imaging that addresses the lack of **automation** and precise **region detection** in transgenic zebrafish



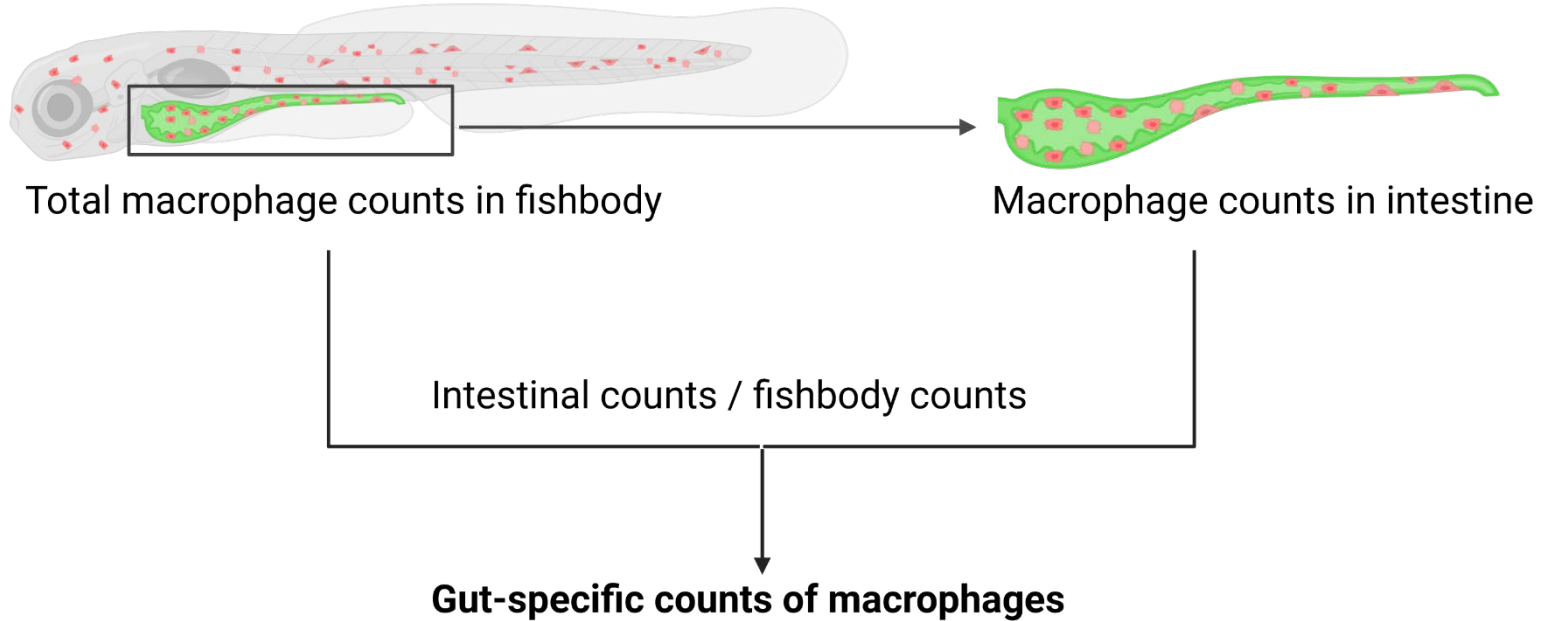
High-content image analysis workflow for macrophages



Generated with BioRender

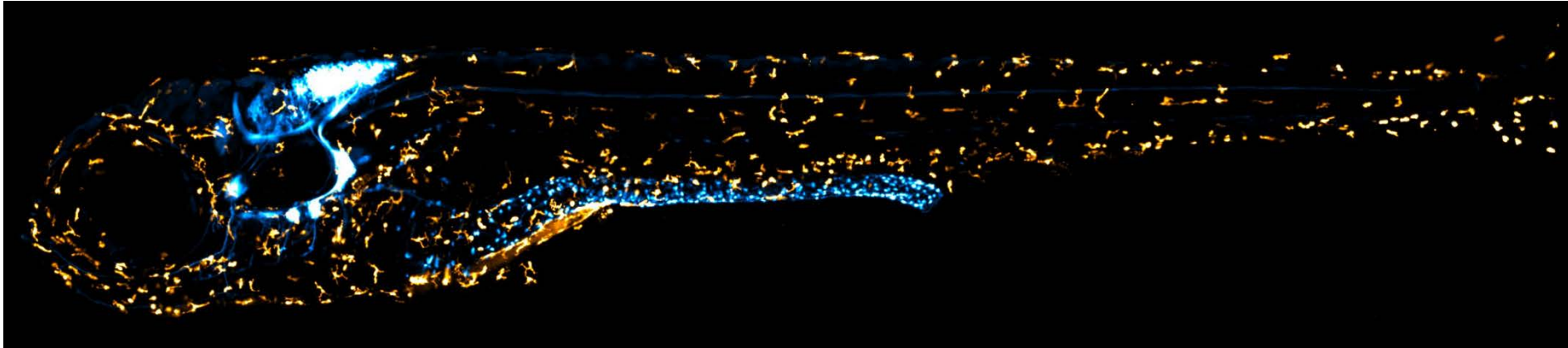
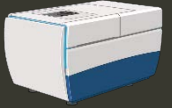
Calculation of ratio to conclude about gut-specific macrophages

Accounting for natural variance and systemic inflammation



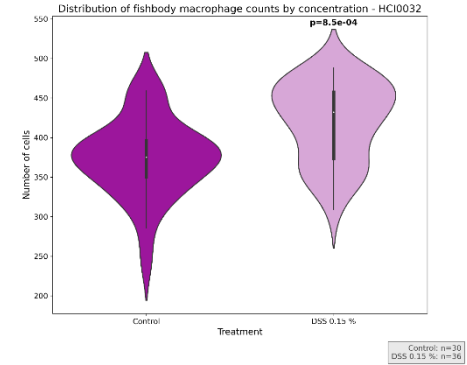
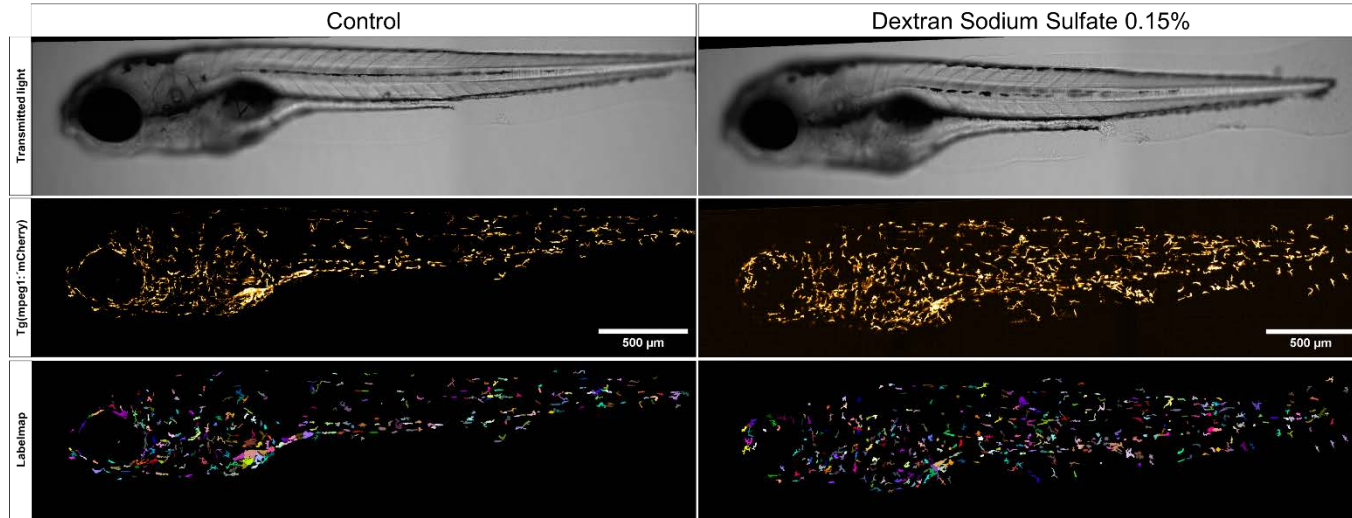
Transgenic lines to detect macrophages and enteric neurons

Tg(mpeg1:mCherry) X Tg(phox2bb:GFP)



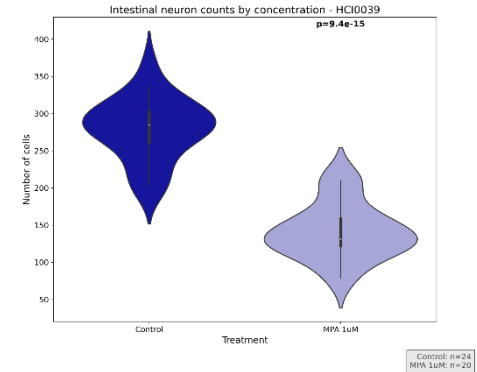
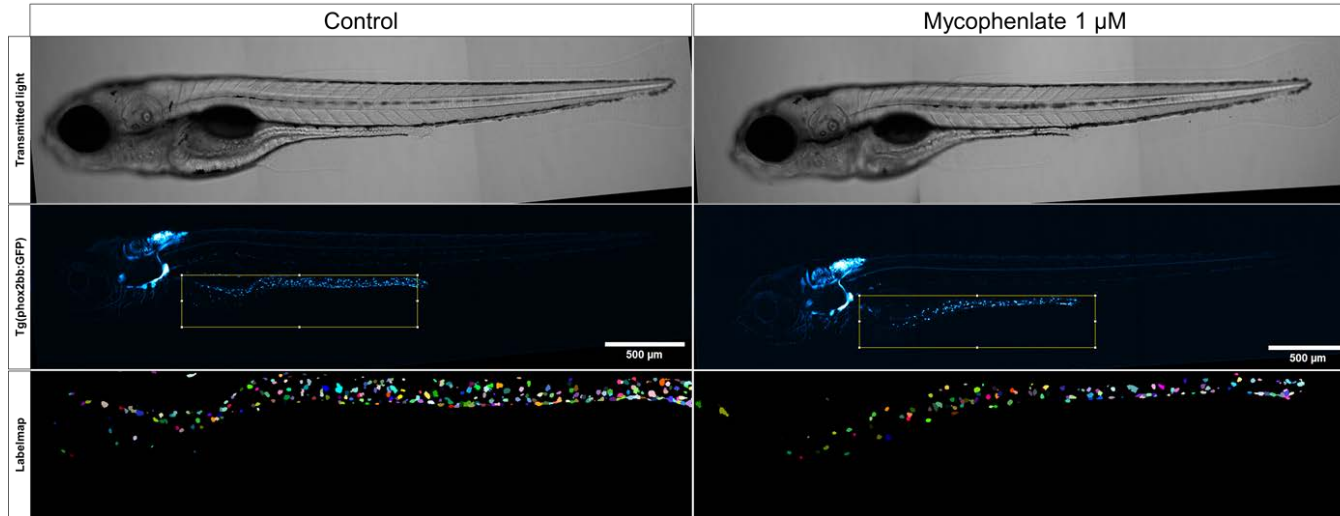
Dextran Sodium Sulfate (DSS) increases macrophage number in whole body

Not specific for intestinal inflammation



Mycophenolate (MPA) reduces number of enteric neurons in 5dpf embryos

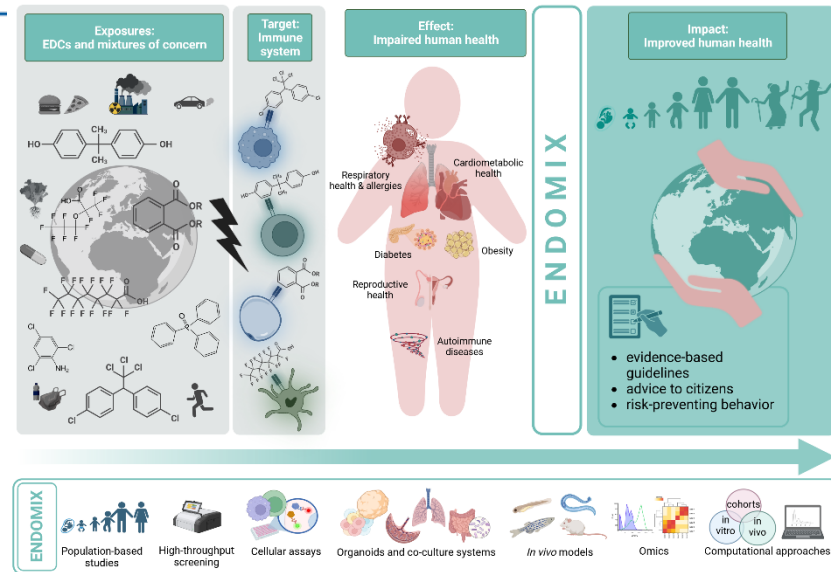
Exposure from 2-3dpf delays neuronal migration to intestinal wall



Outlook: **ENDOMIX** – endocrine disruptors and chemical mixtures

How EDCs impair immunity and drive disease

- Horizon Europe initiative studying how **EDC mixtures** disrupt **immune** function
- Predicted **harmful mixtures** from **literature**, **databases** and human **cohort** sample screening
- Chemical mixture groups:
 - Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances
 - Phthalates
 - Chlorinated Pesticides
 - Phenols
 - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons



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Some figures generated with Biorender