



# Data and software publications for open science @ UFZ

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Open Access

Open Methodology

Open Methodology

Open Data

Open Data

29 Nov 2023

# Agenda

- Open Science (RDM)
- Helmholtz Open Science Policy (RDM)
- Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products (RDM)
- Data- and Softwarepublications (RDM)
- Workflow for submitting your publications to UFZ (Library)
- PIDs (ORCID, ROR) (Library)
- Open Science a practitioners perspective (Stephanie Jurburg)
- Q&A

# **Open Science** *Motivation*





# The world needs open science now. Why?

Open science can accelerate our ability to help solve the complex challenges of our interconnected world. We need it because:



Global challenges such as poverty, armed conflict, the climate crisis, environmental degradation and health and humanitarian crises are urgent—and science, technology and innovation can better respond to them if they collect and apply ideas from diverse contributors and knowledge systems.



Open science has the potential to accelerate the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals by reducing or ending inequalities in access to science, technology, innovation and their applications.



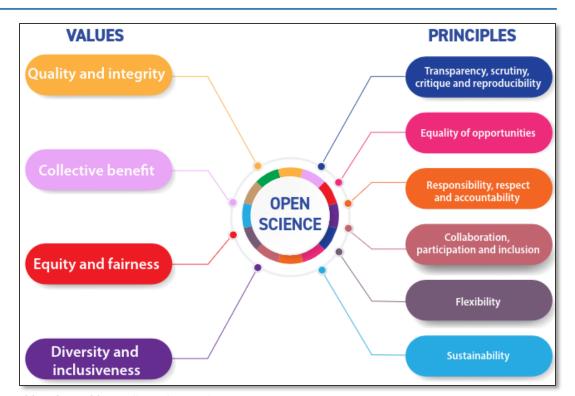
Research practices that are more transparent, collaborative and inclusive are subject to more effective peer review, increased scrutiny and critique which in turn increases the verifiability and reproducibility of the science produced. This ultimately leads to better science, more trust in science and more relevant and positive impacts of science on society.

- Movement to make scientific research and its dissemination accessible to all levels of society.
- Global challenges, inequality
- Verifiability, reproducibility, efficiency => better, trustful science
- UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science <a href="https://doi.org/10.54677/XOIR1696">https://doi.org/10.54677/XOIR1696</a> /
   <a href="https://doi.org/10.54677/MNMH8546">https://doi.org/10.54677/MNMH8546</a>

# **Open Science** *Motivation*



UNESCO Recommendation on Open Science – Values and Principles



CC BY-SA 3.0 IGO: https://doi.org/10.54677/MNMH8546

# **Open Science Pillars**





- Access: Research outputs are distributed online, free of access charges or other barriers.
- **Data:** Openly accessible, exploitable, editable data, shared by anyone for any purpose.
- **Software:** *Source code* freely available for possible modification and redistribution.
- Educational resources: teaching, learning, and research materials free to own, share, and modify.
- **Methodology:** Open application of methods and the entire process of a research project.
- **Peer review:** *Principles:* Open identities, Open reports, Open participation.
- Open Science is Science just done (Hardware): open design specifications of a phys. object which can be studied and distributed.
- Converging overlap with Good Scientific Practices!

# **Open Science** *Motivation – Why would you?*



- Open data and software publications count! (in HGF since reporting yr 2022)
- Visible, transparent, reproducible, reusable, sustainable research
- Inspire others
- Open science requirements increasingly important for career in science (job promotion, journal requirements)



# **Open Science**What about HGF?

## **Helmholtz Open Science**



- Helmholtz Open Science Office: <a href="https://os.helmholtz.de">https://os.helmholtz.de</a>
  - Workshops, presentations, conferences, work & task groups
  - Recommendations, guidelines, white papers
  - (Inter)National Initiatives/Consortia (EOSC, RDA, RSA, deRSE, ...)

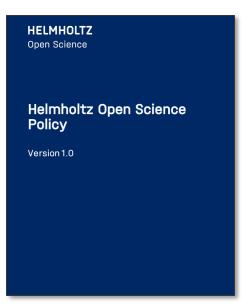
### Helmholtz WG Open Science:

- Task Group Open Access Transformation
- Task Group for the Implementation of Research Data Policies
- Task Group Research Software
- Task Group Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products
- Task Group Guidelines for Research Software
- Task Group Recommendations for the Implementation of the Helmholtz Open Access Guideline
- Task Group Addition to the Criteria for Operating OA Publication Funds
- Task Group Open Access Guideline
- Task Group Rules of Procedure

Enabling Open Science practices at Helmholtz



- 2022 Sep 20 adopted by the General Assembly of the Helmholtz Association
- https://doi.org/10.48440/os.helmholtz.056
- Monitoring
  - Specific and verifiable objectives
- Implementation & common requirements
  - Open science practices
- 3 Pillars:
  - Open Access
  - Open Research Data
  - Open Research Software



### Open Access



- WG Open Science & WG Library and Information Management
- Monitoring

2020: 60% OA2025: 100% OA

- Implementation & common requirements
  - Peer reviewed OA publications are funded by the Helmholtz center
  - Electronic copy after 12 months in institutional repository, freely available (CC-BY)
  - Metadata: CC0, FAIR, PIDs
    - publication (author(s), title, date of publication, publication organ); name, acronym, and number of the funding project; licensing conditions; persistent identifiers for the publication (DOI) and, if possible, their organizations (ROR) and the funding ().

### Open Access - UFZ

- Publication Guideline (2022)
- Publication fund of the UFZ
- OA Ambassadors
  - Dr. Johannes Förster (UPOL)
  - Dr. Anja Miltner (UBT)
- Open Access (BIBL)



UFZ-Regulation | IR-47/12 | 10.01.2022

#### Publication Guidelines of the Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research – UFZ

Please note: This is a translation of the German version of the above-mentioned regulation and is intended solely as a convenience to the non-German-reading employees. Any deviations from the original German regulation are not binding and have no legal effect for compliance or enforcement purposes.

	Enforced by		
	Executive Management		
	Prof. Dr. Georg Teutsch	Dr. Sabine König	
Executive Management meeting	Executive Management meeting no. 363, resolution no. 3.2		
Date	24.03.2022		

#### Document history

Date	Version	
01.01.2007	1	Entry into force of the version of 18.12.2006
24.03.2022	2	Resolution on the entry into force of the version of 10.01.2022

### **Open Data**



#### Monitoring

- Development of research data policy
- 2023: basic indicator
- 2024: quality indicator

#### Implementation & common requirements

- Orientation: DFG Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Scientific Practice, <u>Recommendations for Policies</u> of the Helmholtz Centers on Research Data Management
- DMP, Repository (<u>re3data</u> indexed)
- CC-BY or CCO; as open as possible, as closed as necessary
- Metadata: CC0, FAIR, PIDs
  - data set (description, date of deposit, authors, publication organ, and embargo); name, acronym, and number of the funding project; licensing conditions; persistent identifiers for the data set and, if possible, organizations and funding

Open Data – UFZ





- <u>Principles for the Responsible Handling of Research Data at the</u>
   <u>Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research UFZ</u> (2018 Sep 13)
- Policy Update in progress ([hopefully] coming into force: beginning 2024)
- Practice? RDM Guidelines
- RDM Team
- RDM ,Community

PANGAEA Community Workshop
"FAIR Data Publishing with PANGAEA"

Recordings



UFZ-Regulation | IR-5/18| 13.09.2018

Principles for the Responsible Handling of Research Data at the Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research - UFZ

	Released			
Department	Executive Management		Meeting of the Executive Management 06/2018 (consecutive number 333)	
Name	Prof. Dr. Georg Teutsch	Prof. Dr. Heike Graßmann	resolution Nr. 3.2	
Date			13.09.2018	

### *Open Source (Software)*



#### Monitoring

- Development of research software policy
- 2023: basic indicator
- 2024: quality indicator

#### Implementation & common requirements

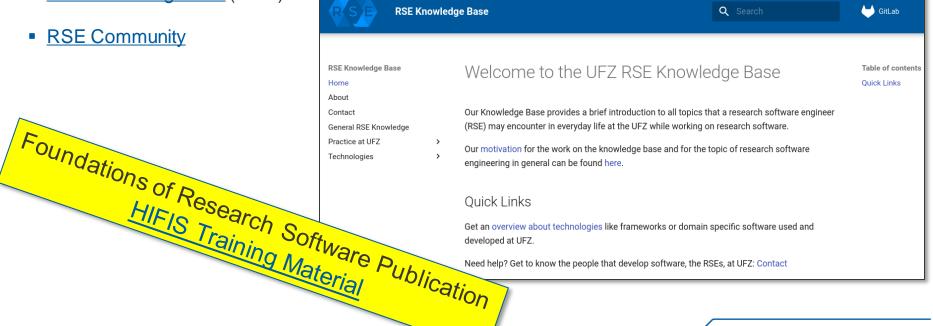
- Orientation: Model Policy on Sustainable Software at the Helmholtz Centers
- Openly accessible repository
- "researchers are supported in publishing research software"
- Metadata: CC0, FAIR, PIDs
  - program code (description, date of deposit, version, authors, repository); name, acronym, and number
    of the funding project; licensing conditions; persistent identifiers, and, if possible, organizations and
    funding

Open Source (Software) – UFZ





- RSE Policy (coming into force in 2024)
- RSE Knowledgebase (WIP!)
- **RSE Community**



www.ufz.de

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# Data and Software Publications Make them count...

### **Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products**



- Why do we need indicators?
  - Consistent reporting over the 18 HGF centers (criterias, processes)
  - Making data and software count!
- Task Group Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products
- HGF Open Science Policy => Monitoring
  - 2022/23: basic indicator
    - 1 quantitative variable: DOI registered data/software publication
  - 2024/ff: quality indicator
    - Quantitative and qualitative variables
    - In progress ...

# **Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products OUTLOOK:** *Quality indicator - Maturation model*



#### Data

Publishing, Metadata, Curation, Openness, External view

#### Published with Information on Access to the Data (Openness)

**Example** 

- 0 No Metadata available
- 1 Metadata available, but no Data Access-Information available in the Metadata
- 2 Metadata available, Data Access information available only in human-readable form
- 3 Metadata available, Data Access information available only in human readable form, including general license information4 Metadata available, Data Access information available in human-readable and machine-readable form\*, including license information

#### Software

Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable, Scientific basis, Technical basis

#### Code Structure (Technical Basis)

**Example** 

- 0 No information given.
- 1 Is every developer free to use his/her own style of coding?
- 2 Are there general recommendations for coding, albeit every developer being able to follow his/her own style?
- 3 Is there some harmonization of code style being enforced following common standards including meaningful naming of functions/variables etc.?
- 4 Is the code style being checked when accepting changes into the repository?
- 5 Is the code style being enforced via a review process (e.g. failed pipelines or auto-formatting)?

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### **Helmholtz Quality Indicators for Data and Software Products**

**UFZ Indicators 2022** 





#### Procedure

- Manually
- Lists of UFZ publications per repository (e.g. UFZ publication database, Zenodo, Pangaea)
- DOI check
- Disambiguation
- Data Publications: 127
- Software Publications: 44

#### Feedback

- High number of undiscovered cases expected
- ~a dozen different spellings for 'UFZ' (ROR to the rescue...)
- Unconsistencies with authorship
- How do we deal with double affiliations?
- Authors join/leave UFZ within reporting year?

# **Data and Software Publications** *Outlook 2023*



- No manual procedure
- Indicators based on the publications registered with the library/publication database only
- Probably again changes in 2024 (quality indicators)

# Data and Software Publications Takeaway message...

#### **Data and Software Publications**

# Takeaway message



- Register a DOI for your D&S publications
- Register your D&S publication in the UFZ reporting process





An overview of the workflow for submitting data and software publications

Katharina Klemm - Library Julia Sperfeldt - Library

November 2023

### **Submission process**

- The collection of all UFZ publications is carried out by the library for all departments in the Institutional Repository of the UFZ
- In addition to text publications, **software and data publications** are now included in our database **from 2022** (year of publication) onwards
- Please notify us of your software and data publications with an email to publikationen@ufz.de
- After submission, all important data will be entered into the database promptly
- → your bibliographic data are subjected to extensive quality checks, standardization, validation and is enriched with structural

data from our center

- Based on the publication directory, the publication lists of the POF pages, department homepage and your own homepage are created
- Furthermore, it forms the basis for various evaluations
  - → it is in your own best interest to submit your publications as soon as possible!

# **Submission process**

# Mandatory information for registration in the database

#### **Software**

- valid POF number
- DOI
- Version

#### **Data**

- valid POF number
- DOI

Please include a **link** to the repository / publisher

# **Submission process**

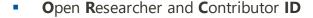
# View in publication database

Category	Data Publication	Category	Software Publication
DOI	□ 10.1594/PANGAEA.895383	DOI	☑ 10.5281/zenodo.7664005
Licence		Licence	(a) (i)
Title (Primary)	Results from lake water analysis from Rappbode Reservoir in Saxony-Anhalt during the Inland Water Remote Sensing Validation Campaign 2017	Title (Primary)	EE-Monitor - Monitoring for a nature-friendly energy transition in Germany
Author	Hieronymi, M.; Bumberger, J.; Friese, K.; Herzog, M.; Kormann, B.; Kuehn, B.; Werther, M.; Wieprecht, M.; Rinke, K.	Version	1
published in	PANGAEA	Author	Thrän, D.; Manske, D. (D); Schinkel, B.; Schmiedt, J.; Mittelstädt, N.
Year	2023	published in	ZENODO
Department	SEEFO; MET	Year	2023
Language	englisch		
Topic	T5 Future Landscapes	Department	BIOENERGIE
ID	27253	Topic	T5 Future Landscapes
UFZ intranet only		ID	27402
Persistent UFZ Identifier	https://www.ufz.de/index.php?en=20939&ufzPublicationIdentifier=27253	UFZ intranet only	
Hieronymi, M., Bumberger, J., Friese, K., Herzog, M., Kormann, B., Kuehn, B., Werther, M., Wieprecht, M., Rinke, K.		Persistent UFZ Identifier	https://www.ufz.de/index.php?en=20939&ufzPublicationIdentifier=27402
(2023): Results from lake water analysis from Rappbode Reservoir in Saxony-Anhalt during the Inland Water Remote Sensing Validation Campaign 2017 PANGAEA 10.1594/PANGAEA.895383		Thrän, D., Manske, D., Schinkel, B., Schmiedt, J., Mittelstädt, N. (2023): EE-Monitor - Monitoring for a nature-friendly energy transition in Germany Version: 1 ZENODO 10.5281/zenodo.7664005	

# **PIDs at UFZ**

### PIDs (ORCID, ROR)





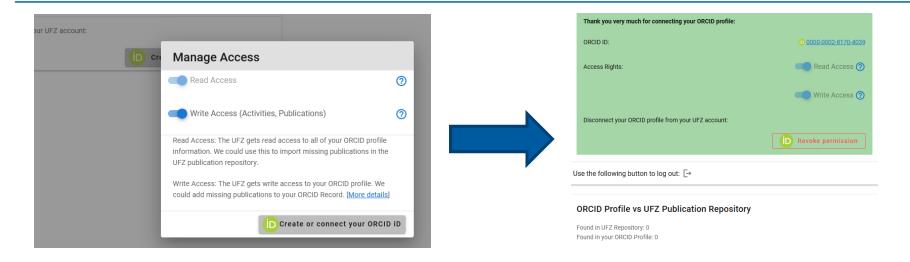
- Persistent identifier for persons who contribute to research output
- ORCID record provides information about education, workplaces and a list of research output
- UFZ part of ORCID DE consortium
  - More information on our <u>UFZ ORCID website</u>
- Register now!



- Research Organization Registry
- Disambiguates institution to prevent mistaking for another Helmholtz Centre
- UFZ: <a href="https://ror.org/000h6jb29">https://ror.org/000h6jb29</a>

### PIDs (ORCID, ROR)

# Connecting UFZ account to ORCID

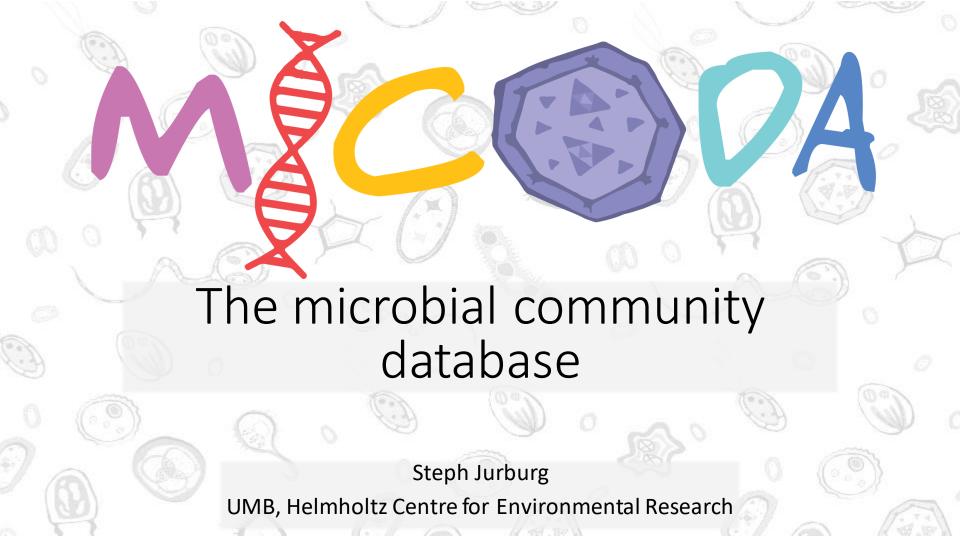




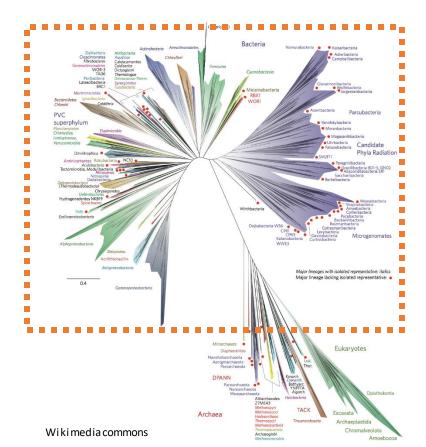
# A practitioners perspective

www.ufz.de

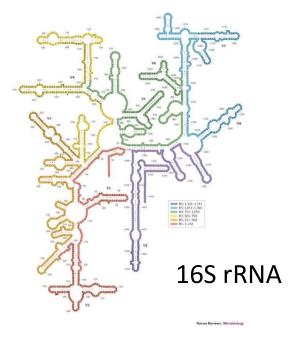
30



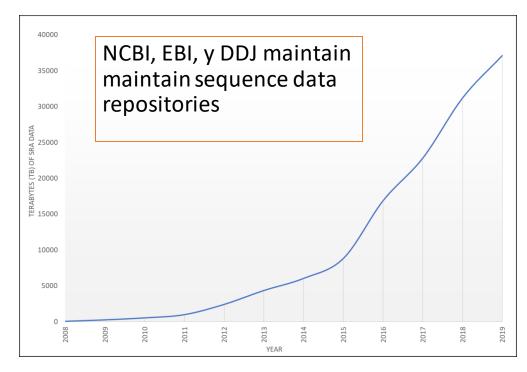
# Microbial communities are the oldest



# ... and to us, they are the newest



Yarza et. al, 2014



# Data reuse should be easy in microbial ecology

D54–D56 Nucleic Acids Research, 2012, Vol. 40, Database issue doi:10.1093/nar/gkr854

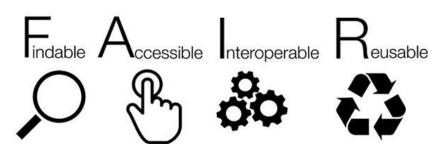
Published online 18 October 2011

# The sequence read archive: explosive growth of sequencing data

Yuichi Kodama<sup>1,\*</sup>, Martin Shumway<sup>2</sup> and Rasko Leinonen<sup>3</sup> on behalf of the International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration

<sup>1</sup>Center for Information Biology and DNA Data Bank of Japan, National Institute of Genetics, Research Organization of Information and Systems, Yata, Mishima 411-8540, Japan, <sup>2</sup>National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD 20894, USA and <sup>3</sup>European Bioinformatics Institute, Wellcome Trust Genome Campus, Hinxton, Cambridge CB10 1SD, UK

Data archiving in our field is mandatory



# Where are the data?



Maximilian Konzack

Anna Heintz-Buschart

# Where are the data?

- Census of the availability of 16S rRNA gene data
- Reusability after each step of archiving

17 journals

29 235 articles



Maximilian Konzack

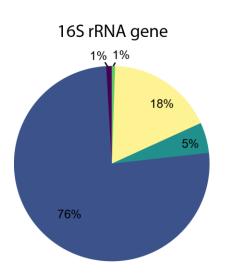


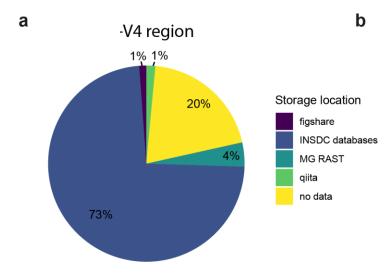
Anna Heintz-Buschart

2660 16S rRNA gene datasets

#### Where are the data?

- Census of the availability of 16S rRNA gene data
- Reusability after each step of archiving







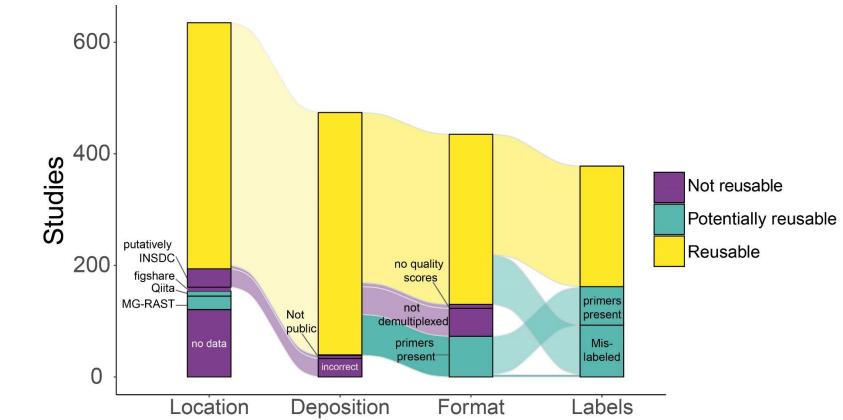
Maximilian Konzack



Anna Heintz-Buschart

Jurburg et al. 2020, Communications Biology

#### How are the data?



Jurburg et al. 2020, Communications Biology

# MiCoDa: the Microbial Community Database



iBiD

Biodiversity data support unit

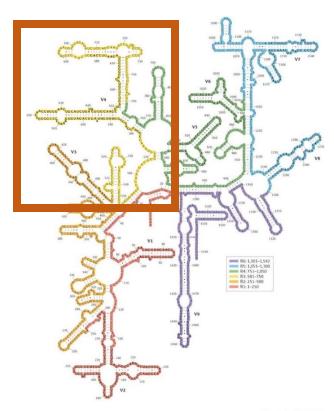


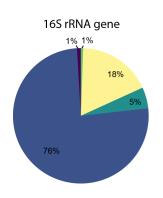
Desi Langer

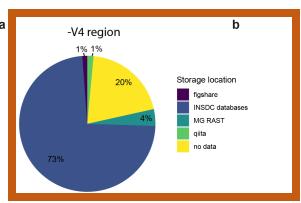


Anna Heintz-Buschart

# Improving reusability of collected data







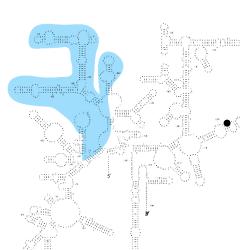
### Metadata matters number of studies human gut bovine gut aquatic. seawater. human freshwater sediment metagenome Homo sapiens rhizosphere freshwater sediment marine sediment

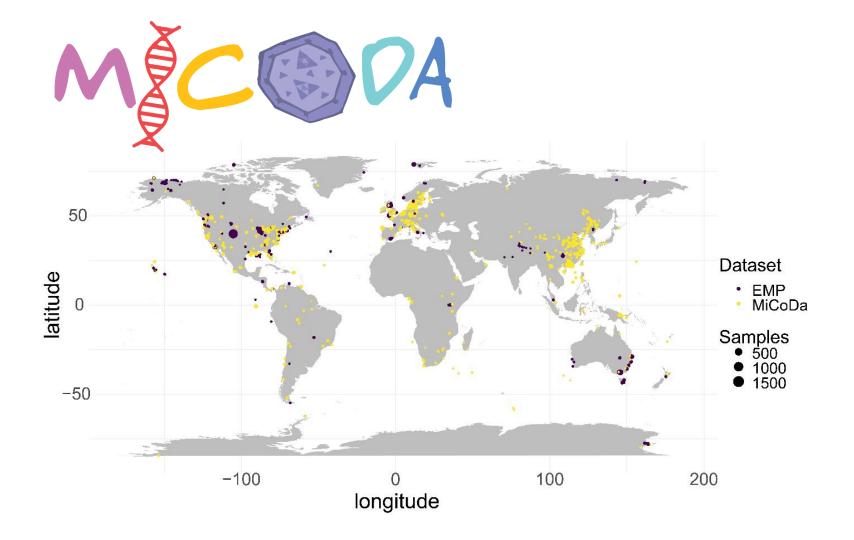
**Environment reported** 

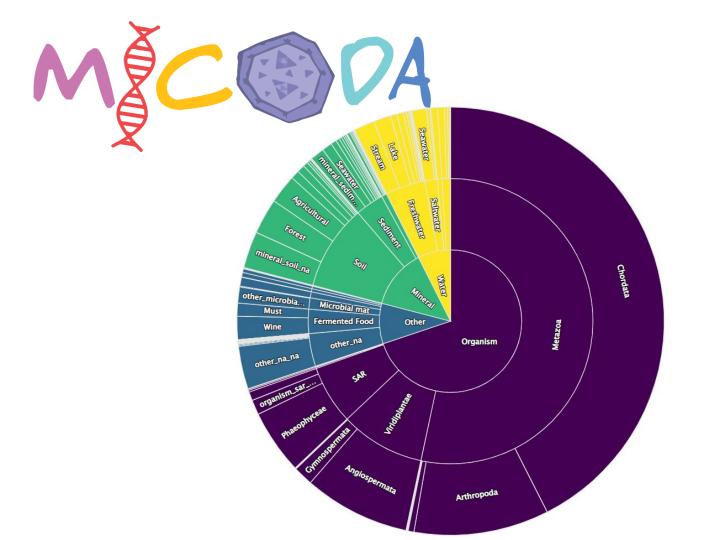


#### • We collected:

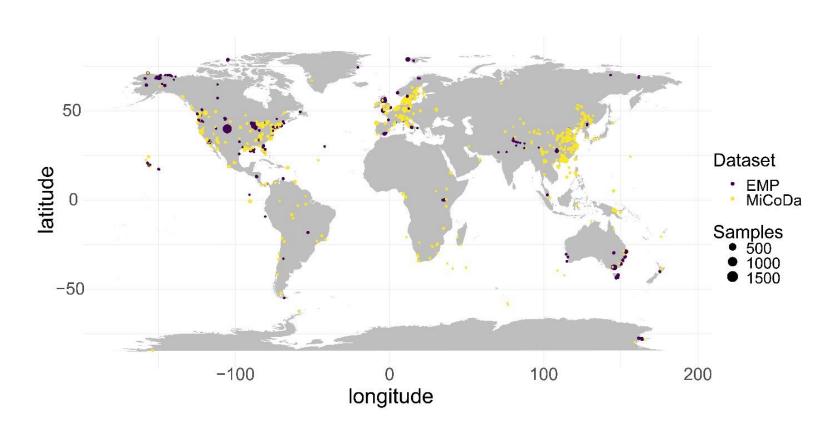
- 252 articles
- ~16,000 samples from control or observational studies
- Same gene region (comparable for microbiologists)
- Collected technical metadata (comparable for ecologists)
- \*Integrated with the Earth Microbiome Project (~15,000 samples)



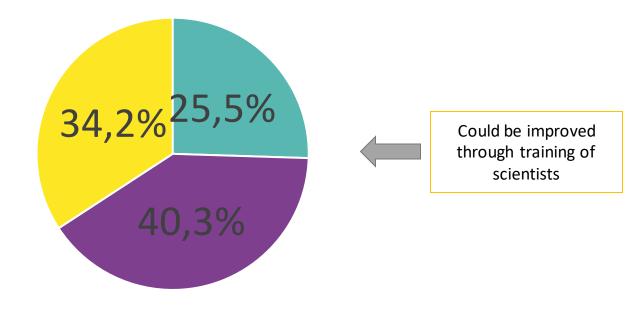




#### Data vacuum in the Global South



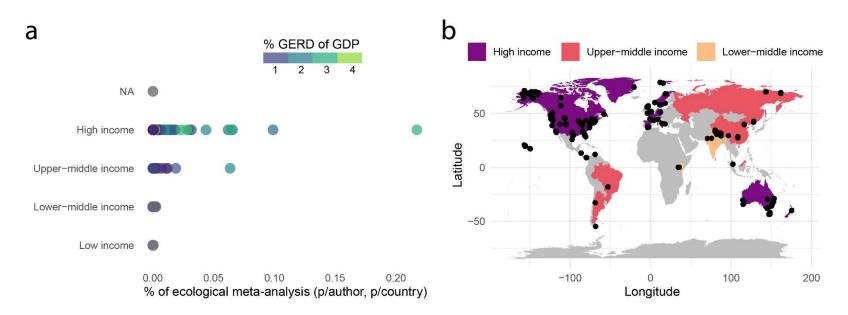
# How can we improve data archives?



■ Partially reusable ■ Not reusable ■ Available

# Datathons: Equitability through data reuse

- 1. Data is expensive
- 2. Data archiving requires practice and guidance



# Datathon 2022: Uruguay+Argentina

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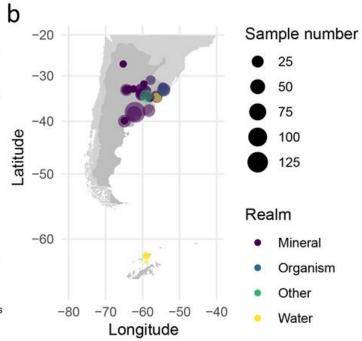
Symposium with six talks focused on: data reuse in other fields of ecology, the history of synthetic research in ecology, and the concept of 'Open Data' in biodiversity research.



Collective data deposition to The National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) with a unified format using step-by-step guides adapted to first-time users and custom metadata tables.

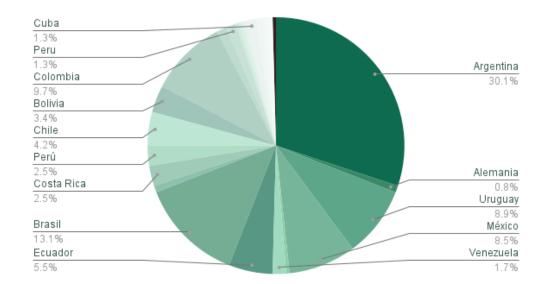


Virtual forum for proposing and organizing new projects using the data collectively deposited, and forming novel collaborations



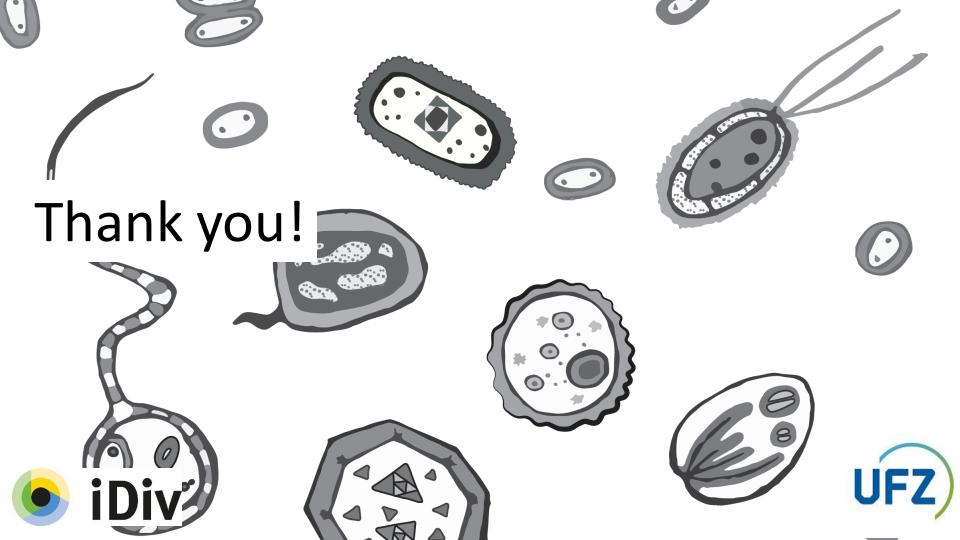
#### Datathon 2023: Latin America

- ~250 participants
- >2000 samples archived
- Broad interest in data reuse



# Final points

- Data archiving is a burden on researchers.
  - How can we make it easier?
  - Are data producers benefitting from archiving their data?
- There is a great need to close the gap between data producers and re-users.
  - Especially when these divisions align with access to funding.
- Solutions likely need to take into account local barriers.







#### Thank you!

**Slides:** provided afterwards through HIFIS Events platform

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